

Proposal for a Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive

CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

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Background Objectives of the proposal for CSRD

A building block of the European Green Deal, a sustainable & inclusive recovery, and an economy that works for people:

- Reduce systemic risks to the financial system arising from climate change and other sustainability issues.
- Enable the flow of capital to companies that address and do not exacerbate the sustainability crisis.
- Make companies more accountable for their impacts on people and the environment.
- Simplify and reduce unnecessary costs for reporting companies.
- ➤ How? Ensure that companies report the relevant, comparable, and reliable sustainability information needed by investors and other stakeholders.

Indicative timeline

- 21 April 2021: Commission adopts proposal
- Q1/Q2 2022: Co-legislators reach agreement on level1
- Mid-2022: first set of draft standards ready
- End-2022: first standards adopted in level 2 Delegated Regulations
- 2024: companies publish first reports according to standards (covering financial year 2023)

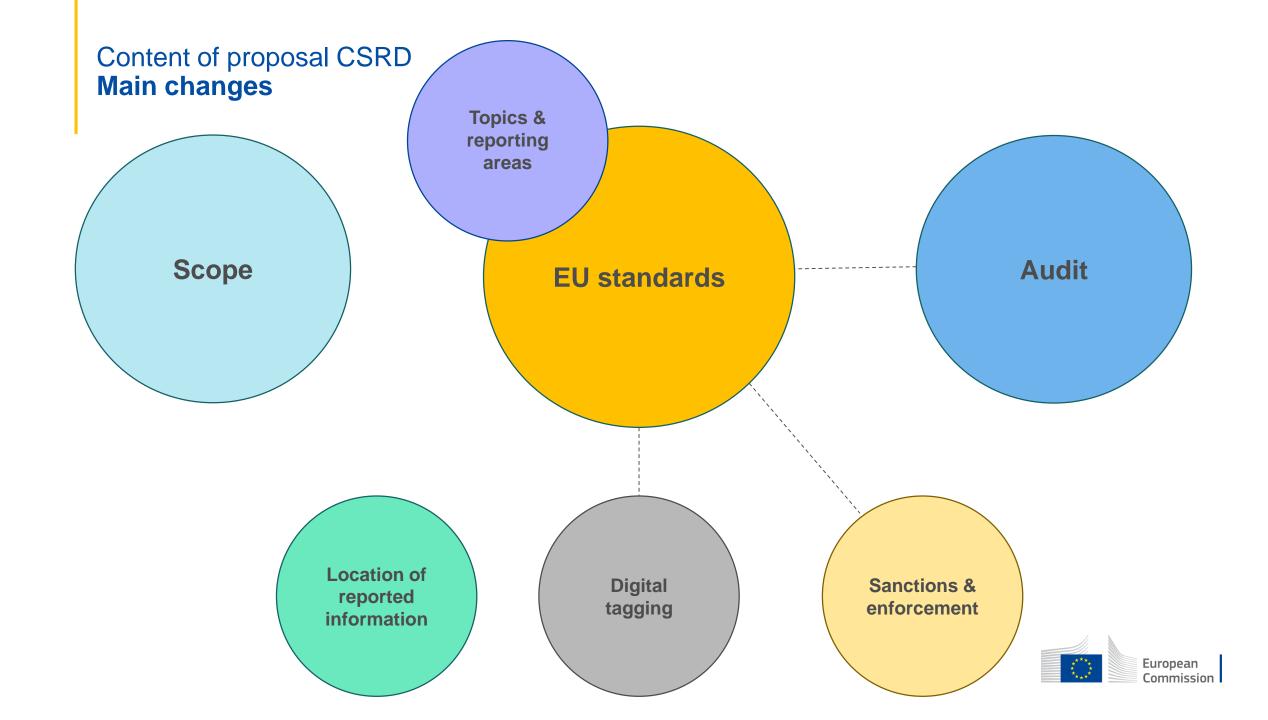
The development of standards will begin in parallel to negotiations on the level 1 legislation.



Public consultations

- Fitness Check on public reporting by companies 21.03.2018 18.07.2018
- Initial Impact Assessment 30.01.2020 27.02.2020
- Public consultation 20.02.2020 11.06.2020
- Feedback Period 26.04.2021 14.07.2021
- EFRAG :
 - Due dilligence process 15.06-15.09.2021
 - Working papers climate prototype 08.09.2021





Content of proposal **Main changes compared to existing provisions**

	Existing provisions NFRD	Proposed CSRD
Scope	Large PIEs, with more than 500 employees	All large and all listed (ex. listed micros, inc. non-EU listed)
Double materiality	Some ambiguity	Clarity: both perspectives to be addressed in their own right
Topics	Environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption & bribery	Environment, Social, Governance (in effect, as for NFRD plus governance)
Reporting areas	Restricted list	More detailed and extensive list
Standards	Companies disclose if they use a standard	Mandatory EU standards for large companies. Simpler standards for SMEs (mandatory for listed SMEs, voluntary for all other SMEs).
Location	Management report by default, but MS may allow separate report	Management report
Assurance	Existence check only	Limited assurance. Reasonable assurance should COM adopt assurance standards for reasonable assurance
Digital	No requirement	Mark-up sustainability information
Supervision & penalties	Listed companies: lack of clarity about role of NCAs Non-listed companies: no specific sanctions	Listed: Clarify role NCAs, and ESMA guidelines for NCAs Non-listed: minimum sanctions



Why do we need *European* standards?

- **Timing**: to meet needs of SFDR and Taxonomy Regulation, we need adequate standards faster than any international initiative can ensure.
- **Content**: need to align with requirements of EU legal framework coming from SFDR, Taxonomy Regulation, and future corporate governance & due diligence legislation.
- Materiality perspective: need both inside-out and outside-in (IFRSF outside-in only).
- All ESG issues: we need to cover full range of sustainability issues (IFRSF climate only).
- Oversight and accountability at EU level: given the political salience of climate, human rights, etc.

BUT

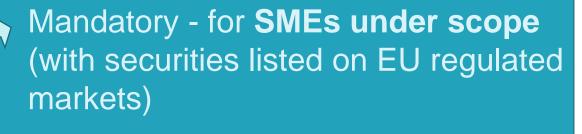
International level is critical too. Need coordination and cooperation between any EU initiative and global level initiatives.

Content of proposal CSRD **Standards**

Standards for <u>large companies</u>

Mandatory

Standards for <u>SMEs</u>



Voluntary - for all other SMEs



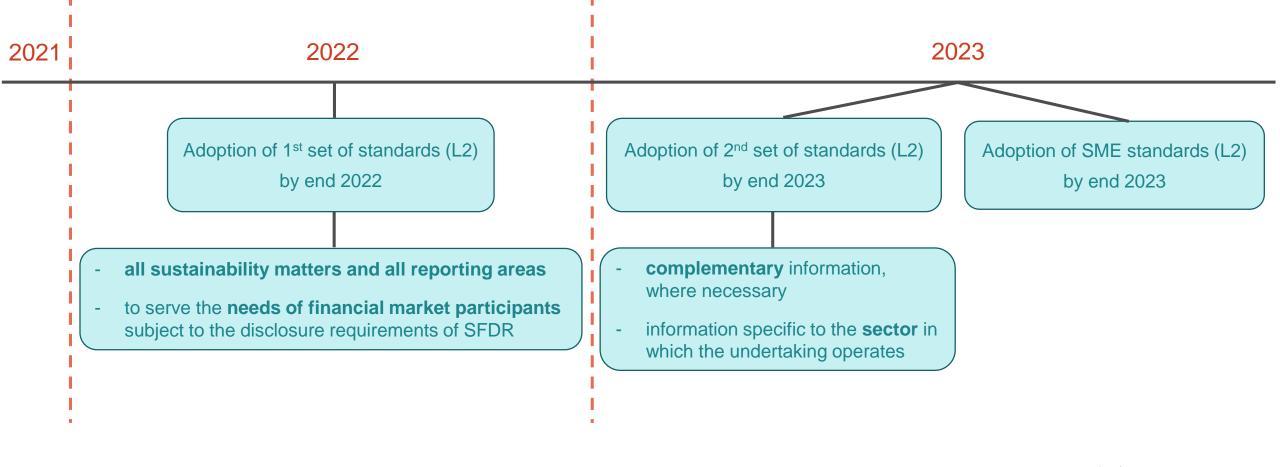
Content of proposal CSRD **Standards**

- ✓ meet quality criteria
- ✓ cover detailed E, S and G topics
- ✓ take account of EU legislation and initiatives
- ✓ take account of global standardsetting initiatives

- ✓ European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG) develops draft standards
- ✓ Commission adopts standards as Delegated Acts after consulting relevant EU bodies

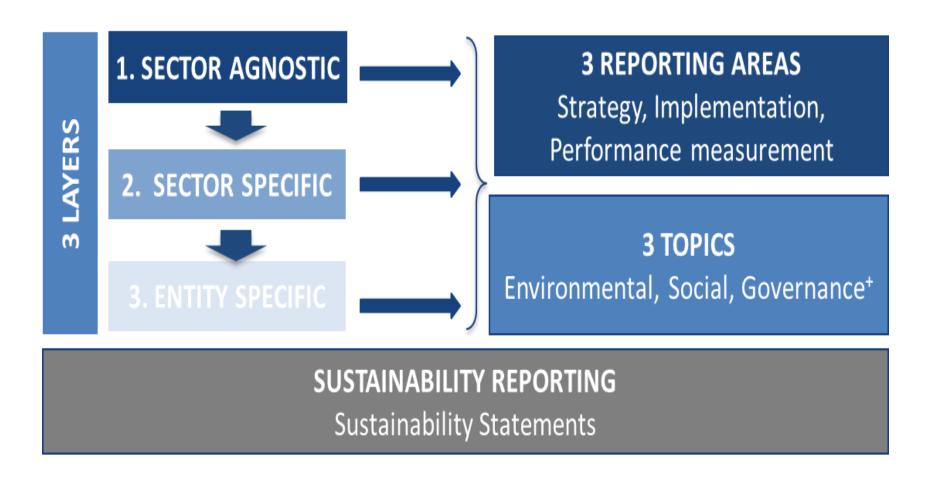


Standards – Indicative timeline





Reporting standards architecture





Due Process Procedures for the development of EU Sustainability Reporting Standards

- ➤ EFRAG's legitimacy build on transparency, governance, due process, public accountability, thought leadership. EFRAG serves due European public interest
- > Due process principles:
 - > Transparency
 - ➤ Public meetings
 - Meeting papers
 - > Public consultation
 - ➤ Analysis of Impacts



New EFRAG Structure

- EFRAG PTF mandate until March 2021
- 25.08.2021 call for experts
- 5.11.2021 appointement of Experts Working Group Members

- EFRAG new structure
- Call for EFRAG members: 16
 November
- Creation of the sustainability pillar:
- Sustainability Reporting Board
- Sustainability Reporting TEG



NEXT STEPS

- Next steps:
- publication of feedback statement and final draft due process procedures after approval by enlarged EFRAG General Assembly, prepared by the EFRAG Administrative Board - January.
- Public consultation on draft ESRS February/March 2022



Procedures for the development of EU Sustainability Reporting Standards

- Please check the EFRAG webiste for ongoing work on the development of reporting standards:
- Sustainability reporting standards interim draft EFRAG
- EFRAG Project Task Force:
- <u>European Lab PTF on European sustainability reporting</u>
 <u>standards (PTF-ESRS) EFRAG</u>



How to improve reporting – best practises Europeab LAB reports:

 HOW TO IMPROVE CLIMATE-RELATED REPORTING

- A summary of good practices from Europe and beyond
- https://www.efrag.org/Activities/2010 051119418610/Climate-relatedreporting#

- Reporting of non-financial risks and opportunities and linkage to the business model – good practises
- https://www.efrag.org/Activities/2010 051121466598/Risks-opportunitiesand-business-model#
- https://www.efrag.org/Assets/Download?assetUrl=/sites/webpublishing/ SiteAssets/EFRAG%20PTF-RNFRO%20-%20Main%20Report.pdf

Thank you



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