

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs

# 2025 Development Cooperation Plan

implemented from the funds of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the special-purpose reserve allocated for development cooperation, and funds of other public administration authorities engaging in development cooperation

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## Introduction

*The 2025 Development Cooperation Plan* continues to implement the objectives of the *Multiannual Development Cooperation Programme 2021–2030 – Solidarity for Development* (hereinafter referred to as “the 2021–2030 Programme”). The Plan was drawn up in accordance with the Development Cooperation Act of 16 September 2011 (uniform text: Journal of Laws of 2021, item 1425), also taking into account the Polish government policy objectives specified by Prime Minister Donald Tusk in his programme speech given on 12 December 2023 and the priorities of Polish foreign policy formulated in the information notice of the Minister of Foreign Affairs on Polish foreign policy targets in 2024. The Plan defines directions, objectives and forms of activities in the sphere of development cooperation and the amounts of funds directed for aid activities through instruments of bilateral and multilateral cooperation.

In 2025, assistance to Ukraine will remain the priority for Polish development cooperation, and will focus on building and enhancing the capacity of Ukrainian public administration. What will be key in the cooperation with Ukraine, will be assistance in implementing European standards and selected reforms related to Ukraine’s preparations for accession to the EU. Humanitarian aid and psychological support for those affected by the war in Ukraine will also be continued, including for internally displaced persons, veterans and their families, as well as children suffering from the hostilities. At the same time, efforts will be made to engage Poland in the delivery of the EU’s *Ukraine Facility*.

Activities intended to rebuild Ukraine and deliver aid to the Ukrainian society require the coordination and cooperation of many Polish entities; that is why, aid activities will be pursued in agreement with the Council for Cooperation with Ukraine established in 2024.

With ongoing humanitarian crises, especially in the European Union’s neighbourhood, *the 2025 Development Cooperation Plan* stipulates that humanitarian aid may be co-financed both bilaterally and multilaterally, that is, through cooperation with specialised UN agendas and the International Committee of the Red Cross.

In the context of obligations arising from UN’s Women, Peace and Security Agenda, activities pursued under *the 2025 Development Cooperation Plan* will aim to assist and support women and girls, including in ongoing armed conflicts, and to ensure they enjoy education opportunities as well as a full, equal and significant contribution in social and economic processes that are underway in developing countries.

Poland will remain active in the forum of international organisations, including the EU, UN and OECD, making sure that national priorities are included in the works of these forums to the greatest degree possible. Poland’s Presidency of the Council of the EU in the first half of 2025, as regards development cooperation, will be an opportunity to pursue Poland’s priority of building resilience of countries and societies through development cooperation. At the same time, Poland’s Presidency will be actively implementing and promoting EU’s *Global Gateway* initiative. As its term continues in the UN Economic and Social Council, Poland will reinforce its

role as the donor for and participant in international efforts to reduce poverty and achieve sustainable development goals.

In 2025, a total of PLN 51.5 million will be allocated for cooperation with the non-governmental sector and local governments, allowing us to continue module development projects that received co-financing under calls for proposals held in 2023 and 2024. Projects of government administration bodies launched even earlier will also be continued, financed from the special-purpose reserve for development cooperation.

The Plan contains information concerning Polish development cooperation targets, the forms of their achievement, and the amount of funds. **Annex I** shows estimates of Official Development Assistance for 2025 and targets planned for implementation by government authorities and the National Bank of Poland. The distribution of funds within the special-purpose reserve is specified in **Annex II**. **Annex III** shows in which countries Polish diplomatic missions may implement projects. **Annex IV** specifies all projects implemented as successive modules of initiatives selected for financing in previous years. **Annex V** presents the general matrix of outcomes throughout the programming period.

## I. Geographical and thematic priorities of development cooperation

In line with the thematic priorities specified in the 2021–2030 Programme, the following goals under UN's 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development will be implemented: 16. Peace, justice and strong institutions; 4. Quality education; 8. Decent work and economic growth; 10. Reduced inequalities; 3. Good health and well-being; 6. Clean water and sanitation; 11. Sustainable cities and communities; and 13. Climate action. The activities undertaken will also further the objectives of UN's Women, Peace and Security Agenda.

Polish development assistance in 2025 will be provided for the following priority countries: Ukraine, Moldova, Georgia and Belarus in the support for the civil society, as well as Palestine, Lebanon, Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania and Senegal.

No more than 10% of the funds at the disposal of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs may be allocated for bilateral development assistance for non-priority countries.

The Plan also contains information on the multilateral dimension of Poland's development cooperation, including in particular development cooperation carried out within the European Union and Poland's participation in international assistance agendas.

## SELECTED EASTERN PARTNERSHIP COUNTRIES

### Ukraine

In 2025, the key area for Polish development cooperation with Ukraine will be support for the country's recovery and modernisation and for the implementation of key reforms required to prepare for EU membership; this includes building institutional capacity of public administration. At the same time, activities supporting Ukrainian institutions in upholding and exercising their functions during war will continue, including in the scope of developing crisis management systems and operational capacity of emergency response services. Mine clearance activities as well as efforts raising awareness of threats related to the mining of liberated areas will be supported.

In 2025, *Polish Assistance* will involve rebuilding medical infrastructure, which will include providing the necessary equipment that was damaged due to the hostilities, in particular in the Kharkiv Oblast. Activities to improve access to psychological care will also be implemented. Given the need for qualified human resources to reconstruct the country, we will continue our engagement towards the reform of education and vocational training.

What is an important aspect of pursuing all the aforementioned activities is strengthening the capacity of Ukrainian local governments.

At the same time, 2025 will see the continuation of support in terms of meeting the key humanitarian needs of the civilian population, taking women and children into particular account.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):
  - a) building professional, transparent national and local institutions acting in public interest and for public security as well as in compliance with the law; also with regard to key reforms resulting from the country's preparations for EU membership;
  - b) developing national and local crisis management systems and increasing operational capacity of emergency response services.

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies, Solidarity Fund PL and within the Eastern Partnership Academy of Public Administration, whereas actions to achieve outcome b) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the "Polish Assistance 2024" call for proposals as well as through government administration bodies and Solidarity Fund PL.

2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):
  - a) improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers;
  - b) supporting the system of education and vocational training.

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies, whereas actions to achieve outcome b) will be implemented through Solidarity Fund PL.

3. Equal opportunities – entrepreneurship (SDG 8):

- a) supporting regional and local development strategies aimed at sustainable economic growth;
- b) supporting the development of entrepreneurship, including through technology and knowledge transfer aimed at economic innovation.

Measures aimed at achieving these outcomes will be implemented through government administration bodies.

4. Equal opportunities – sustainable cities (SDG 11):

supporting the formulation and implementation of policies, programmes and instruments related to the reconstruction, modernisation and sustainable development of cities and territories.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through government administration bodies.

5. Health (SDG 3):

- a) improving the quality of and access to medical and psychological care, as well as to basic and specialist medical aid;
- b) rebuilding medical infrastructure destroyed due to hostilities.

Actions aimed at producing outcomes a) and b) will be implemented within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals. Additionally, actions to achieve outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies and Solidarity Fund PL.

## **Moldova**

The key area for Poland’s development cooperation with Moldova in 2025 will be building strong institutions and support in the implementation of reforms arising from Moldova’s preparation for EU membership, as well as the development of national and local crisis management systems, the support for entrepreneurship, and the development of municipal policy.

Polish development cooperation measures for Moldova, in particular for local communities – among other things, grounding the LEADER approach as an element of the strategy for the development of rural areas in Moldova – will be implemented with international partners.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):

- a) building professional, transparent national and local institutions acting in public interest and for public security as well as in compliance with the law; also with regard to key reforms resulting from the country’s preparations for EU membership;
- b) developing national and local crisis management systems, building the capacity of public administration to prevent and respond to natural disasters and man-made crises, as well as increasing operational capacity in this respect.

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies, within the Eastern Partnership Academy of Public Administration, and Solidarity Fund PL, whereas actions to achieve outcome b) will be carried out through government administration bodies.

#### 2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

- a) improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers;
- b) supporting the system of education and training.

Initiatives aimed at achieving outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies, whereas actions to produce outcome b) will be implemented in cooperation with the UNDP.

#### 3. Equal opportunities – entrepreneurship (SDG 8):

- a) supporting regional and local development strategies aimed at sustainable economic growth;
- b) supporting the development of entrepreneurship, including through technology and knowledge transfer aimed at economic innovation;
- c) supporting the implementation of policies promoting sustainable tourism to enable job creation and promotion of local produce.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcomes will be implemented within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals as well as through government administration bodies and Solidarity Fund PL.

#### 4. Equal opportunities – sustainable cities (SDG 11):

- improving the quality of life in cities by revitalising urban spaces, modernising municipal services, and increasing residents’ participation in urban management.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through Solidarity Fund PL.

### **Georgia**

Developing social services in education and health care, accounting particularly for the needs of groups at risk of exclusion, will continue to be a priority for development activities in Georgia in 2025. Aid will also be devoted to supporting regional development strategies, including attracting investments and developing entrepreneurship, especially of women and people from other groups at risk of social exclusion. Aid activities will also serve to introduce solutions in energy efficiency and using renewable energy sources in Georgian local governments.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

#### 1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):

- developing national and local crisis management systems, building the capacity to prevent and respond to natural disasters and man-made crises, as well as increasing operational capacity in this respect.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through government administration bodies.

#### 2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

- a) improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers;
- b) supporting the education and training system, including for groups at risk of social exclusion;
- c) improving the infrastructure of educational institutions, accommodating the needs of persons with disabilities.

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies; b) and c) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

#### 3. Equal opportunities – entrepreneurship (SDG 8):

- a) supporting regional and local development strategies aimed at sustainable economic growth;
- b) supporting the implementation of policies promoting sustainable tourism to enable job creation and promotion of local produce;
- c) supporting the development of entrepreneurship, including social entrepreneurship, including through technology and knowledge transfer aimed at economic innovation.

Actions aimed at producing outcomes a) and c) will be implemented through government administration bodies, and as regards c) also through Solidarity Fund PL; b) and c) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

#### 4. Health (SDG 3):

improving the quality and accessibility of health care and social services for groups at risk of social exclusion.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

#### 5. Climate and natural resources (SDG 13):

assisting the public sector, including the local government level, in the use of renewable energy sources, and increasing energy efficiency.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through Solidarity Fund PL.

### **Belarus**

The chief objective for *Polish Assistance* will be to support the civil society, by, among others, maintaining the activities of independent Belarusian organisations and social activists. Efforts will be supported to protect human rights and ensure the observance of fundamental freedoms



which are inviolable for and afforded to every human being. The most important group to be provided aid will be people repressed for political reasons. Poland will also continue to support the pursuit of democratic principles, as well as try to ensure that Belarusian society has access to reliable information by supporting independent media and journalists. Belarusian students and scholars will be offered scholarships and tuition waivers in Poland. Students forced to emigrate for political reasons will be able to benefit, among other things, from the Konstany Kalinowski Scholarship Programme.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):

building civil society, ensuring observance of human rights, and applying democratic principles, which includes ensuring access to reliable information.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through Solidarity Fund PL.

2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through government administration.

## THE MIDDLE EAST

In view of the region's instability, and especially the Israel-Hamas war and Israel-Hezbollah conflict and the resulting humanitarian crisis in the Gaza Strip and Lebanon, in 2025, Poland will contribute to humanitarian aid for the affected population. At the same time, Poland will continue its assistance for Syrian refugees and the local communities accepting them in Lebanon. Bilateral aid activities will be continued, taking the security situation into account.

### Palestine

Humanitarian efforts for Palestinians in the Gaza Strip will be implemented most of all through payments to specialised international organisations which have the access and opportunity to distribute aid among the local civilian population.

In the West Bank, activities will be continued within the framework of second modules of projects selected under 2024 development calls for proposals, additionally taking humanitarian aid into account.

The key areas for Polish development cooperation with Palestine in 2025 will be health and entrepreneurship. *Polish Assistance* will primarily strive towards improving the quality of and access to medical care, among others by operating mobile wards and ensuring that rehabilitation procedures are carried out. Furthermore, efforts will focus on making social services more accessible for people with disabilities, as well as growing entrepreneurship and labour force participation, especially among women and youth.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

1. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers.

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through government administration bodies.

2. Equal opportunities – entrepreneurship and decent work (SDG 8):

- a) promoting employment and entrepreneurship, including business activities, especially among women and the youth, by improving the accessibility of vocational training, career counselling and reskilling;
- b) promoting the development of entrepreneurship, including by creating new jobs and improving the operations of small and medium-sized enterprises, especially in the agri-food sector (including food processing and storage) and waste management (including recycling), particularly taking into account the situation of women and people at risk of social exclusion.

Actions aimed at producing outcomes a) and b) will be implemented within the framework of the third module of the project selected under the “Polish Assistance 2023” call for proposals.

3. Reduced inequalities (SDG 10):

supporting measures to improve access to social services for persons with disabilities and special needs, particularly in non-urbanised regions.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of the third module of the project selected under the “Polish Assistance 2023” call for proposals.

4. Health (SDG 3):

improving the quality and accessibility of health care and rehabilitation, including building and modernising the medical, sanitary and administrative infrastructure of health care facilities and raising the skills of medical staff, taking into account the question of operating specialist equipment.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of the third module of the project selected under the “Polish Assistance 2023” call for proposals and the second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

## **Lebanon**

The key areas of Polish development cooperation with Lebanon in 2025 will be: support for developing the education system, including to provide equal opportunities in education for women and girls, and growth in the capacity of local administration authorities to respond to natural disaster, along with the development of crisis management systems. *Polish Assistance*

efforts will also be focused on growing entrepreneurship and promoting decent work. We will continue to promote self-sufficiency for local communities and cooperation with a view to improving the economic situation. Furthermore, efforts will be pursued to increase access to energy services based on renewable sources and energy-efficient technologies in public institutions, as well as to enhance the sustainable management of natural resources.

At the same time, in 2025, we will continue to support Syrian refugees and internally displaced persons.

The efforts will be pursued under the following priorities:

1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):

building the capacity of public administration and increasing operational capacity, particularly in responding to and preventing natural or man-made disasters, including by developing national and regional crisis management systems.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals as well as through government administration bodies.

2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

- a) improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers;
- b) supporting the development of the education system, including vocational and technical training, and providing women, girls and people at risk of social exclusion with equal education opportunities;
- c) improving the infrastructure of educational institutions, taking into account the needs of people with disabilities, which includes improving safety and hygiene, access to water and electricity (in particular with the use of renewable sources).

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies; b) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals; c) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals and, depending on the security situation, through government administration bodies.

3. Equal opportunities – entrepreneurship and decent work (SDG 8):

promoting the development of entrepreneurship, including by creating new jobs and improving the operations of small and medium-sized enterprises, especially in the agri-food sector (including food processing and storage) and waste management (including recycling), particularly taking into account the situation of women and people at risk of social exclusion.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

#### 4. Equal opportunities – sustainable cities (SDG 11):

improving the quality of life in cities by revitalising urban spaces, modernising public buildings especially as regards fire protection, and improving access to municipal services, as well as increasing residents' participation in urban management;

Actions aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcome will be implemented through government administration bodies.

#### 5. Climate and natural resources (SDG 13):

- a) strengthening adaptation capacity and resilience to climate risks and natural disasters, as well as improving education and awareness in this regard;
- b) increasing energy efficiency and improving access to energy services based on renewable sources and energy-efficient technologies, particularly in public institutions.

Measures aimed at achieving the above-mentioned outcomes will be implemented through government administration bodies.

### **SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA**

#### **Ethiopia, Kenya, Senegal, Tanzania**

In 2025, the priority for Polish development cooperation with the countries of the Sub-Saharan Africa continues to be the development of social services in education, especially through improving school infrastructure and staff competences, as well as increasing access to vocational and technical training, and supporting the entrepreneurship of, in particular, women and groups at risk of social exclusion. Health care will also remain a priority. Efforts will be focused on improving the infrastructure of and providing additional equipment to health care centres, raising the skills of medical staff (including in emergency), preventing the spread of infectious diseases and providing prevention treatment, as well as combating hunger and malnutrition of children. We will continue our support in public security by building infrastructure and a training system, in particular to strengthen the capacity of the firefighting and medical emergency services.

The efforts in all countries of the Sub-Saharan Africa will be pursued under the following priorities:

#### 1. Peace, justice and strong institutions (SDG 16):

building the capacity of public administration and increasing operational capacity, particularly in responding to and preventing natural or man-made disasters, including by developing national and regional crisis management systems.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the "Polish Assistance 2024" call for proposals as well as through government administration bodies.

#### 2. Equal opportunities – education (SDG 4):

- a) improving access to higher education through scholarships and tuition waivers;
- b) improving the infrastructure of educational institutions, taking into account the needs of people with disabilities, which includes improving safety and hygiene, access to water and electricity (in particular with the use of renewable sources);
- c) supporting the development of the education system, including vocational and technical training, and providing women, girls and people at risk of social exclusion with equal education opportunities.

Actions aimed at producing outcome a) will be implemented through government administration bodies; b) and c) will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

### 3. Equal opportunities – decent work and entrepreneurship (SDG 8):

promoting the development of entrepreneurship, including by creating new jobs and improving the operations of small and medium-sized enterprises, especially in the agri-food sector (including food processing and storage) and waste management (including recycling), particularly taking into account the situation of women and people at risk of social exclusion.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

### 4. Health (SDG 3):

- a) improving the quality and accessibility of health care and social services, including building, developing, and modernising the medical, sanitary and administrative infrastructure of health care facilities and raising the skills of medical staff, especially taking perinatal care into account;
- b) supporting primary health care, particularly for children, pregnant women and breast-feeding mothers, and providing training in healthy child nutrition;
- c) preventing the spread of infectious diseases and providing prevention treatment, as well as promoting and implementing health education.

Actions aimed at producing the above-mentioned outcome will be carried out within the framework of second modules of projects selected under the “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals.

## II. Cross-cutting priorities of Polish development cooperation

Development activities should incorporate cross-cutting priorities: climate protection and equal opportunities for women and men.

### **Equal opportunities for women and men**

Initiatives carried out as part of Polish development cooperation should contribute, directly or indirectly, to improving the equality situation in areas where the projects are implemented,

including by tackling discrimination and barriers in access to assistance, and preventing harmful stereotypes.

In planning, implementing, evaluating and reporting for their projects financed under *Polish Assistance*, the implementing entities should:

- respect the principles of equal opportunities and equal treatment;
- not discriminate against people on any grounds and not reinforce existing inequalities;
- identify groups vulnerable to persecution or discrimination and address these risks;
- take into account the equality situation in the area of intervention;
- ensure equal opportunities for women and men to engage in implementing the actions;
- identify and counter the risks of persecution or discrimination.

### **Climate protection**

Climate change has been deemed one of the greatest threats to sustainable development and effective fight against poverty; furthermore, it more and more often contributes to serious natural disasters and humanitarian crises. The unfolding consequences of climate change affect the most important sectors – health, agriculture, food production, the environment, access to water – and have an adverse impact on the living conditions of millions of people.

*Polish Assistance* should:

- not be harmful to the natural environment, being nature positive;
- acknowledge climate change as a risk to achieving sustainable development goals and as the cause of humanitarian crises;
- strive to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and waste relating to project activities;
- support the effective functioning of the economy and society in a changing climate;
- contribute to capacity building for using renewable energy sources, recycling, as well as adapting to climate change and mitigating its effects;
- promote sustainable management of natural resources, protection of biodiversity and ecosystems.

## **III. Humanitarian aid**

In 2025, Ukraine will remain the key country enjoying humanitarian aid. Humanitarian aid will also be provided in relation to the ongoing humanitarian crises in the Middle East, especially for Lebanon and Palestine. On the multilateral level, we will finance efforts on the part of international aid organisations in Ukraine to protect people, especially women, children and people with disabilities, and to provide assistance in areas which are difficult to access due to the security situation, including through:

- a) the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) under the Cooperation Agreement;
- b) the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UN OCHA);
- c) specialised UN agendas;

contributions to specialised international organisations present in the region.

An additional channel for financing assistance in countries affected by crises will be accessed through providing support for Polish non-governmental organisations which participate in calls for proposals organised by significant humanitarian aid donors, including the European Commission or the United Nations, in order for the NGOs to receive co-financing for their projects.

## IV. Global education

Global education is part of civic education and upbringing which broadens their scope by raising awareness of global phenomena and interdependencies. Its main objective is to prepare the recipients to face challenges that affect the entire humanity. Interdependencies are understood as interconnections and interpenetration of cultural, environmental, economic, social, political, and technological systems.

The year 2025 will see the implementation of the second modules of global education projects that have won the “Global Education 2024” call for proposals. The projects will be implemented directly by non-governmental organisations.

Activities carried out will be in line with the global education objectives set out in the 2021–2030 Programme, i.e., they will contribute to:

- raising public awareness of global problems and sustainable development goals;
- reinforcing global education in school curricula;
- raising awareness of global problems and challenges in localities with less than 500,000 inhabitants.

Furthermore, non-governmental organisations with little experience in implementing global education projects will be supported through regranting.

## V. Multilateral development cooperation

In 2025, through its involvement in the work of the EU, UN, OECD (chiefly through the Development Assistance Committee, or DAC) and other international organisations, Poland will influence the priorities for development cooperation discussed within these organisations and the implementation of efforts in the respective development policy areas, ensuring that they are in line with the priorities set forth in the 2021–2030 Programme.

A strong emphasis will be placed on activities resulting from Poland’s Presidency of the Council of the EU in the first half of 2025, especially in the context of its priority, building the resilience of states and communities through development cooperation, i.e., supporting developing countries as best we can in responding to crisis situations, in the spirit of the triple nexus between development assistance, humanitarian aid and peace-building. As in previous years, within the EU, Poland will be active in developing the Union’s development policy, implemented primarily at the meetings of the Foreign Affairs Council in its development configuration, as well as at committees and working parties (including, largely, the Council Working Party on Development Cooperation and International Partnerships (CODEV-PI), the Council Working Party on Humanitarian Aid and Food Aid (COHAFA), the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP)

Working Party, and the committee of the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument – Global Europe (NDICI-GE), the Ukraine Facility), and it will take part in pursuing the Union’s efforts by engaging Polish entities within the framework of indirect management.

An important element of Poland’s activities in the international context will also be its commitment to the works of the UN Social and Economic Council, related to Poland’s 2024-2026 term of office in this body.

In 2025, most of the funds earmarked for multilateral cooperation will be disbursed in the form of a contribution to the EU budget and the European Development Fund (EDF)<sup>1</sup>. Furthermore, multilateral cooperation funds will be allocated for obligatory annual contributions and voluntary payments to support the development activities of selected UN organisations, regional organisations, as well as programmes and funds administered by other multilateral organisations and institutions, such as the OECD or OSCE.

## VI. Cooperation with the private sector

Cooperation with the private sector will focus on the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals and will be carried out in accordance with the *UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights* and the *OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises on Responsible Business Conduct*.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MFA) will continue its dialogue and cooperation with private entities and public institutions in Poland, as well as international organisations with regard to engaging the private sector in development cooperation. The MFA will support the inclusion of Polish entities in the implementation of EU initiatives devised to increase the private sector’s engagement in development assistance. Reinforcing Poland’s presence in selected priority countries is aimed at encouraging Polish businesses to invest.

Poland will continue its efforts towards engaging entrepreneurs in its development policy by implementing projects within the EU’s *Global Gateway* initiative, which covers investments in the digital, energy, transport, healthcare, education, and research sectors.

Poland will continue its cooperation with the United Nations Development Programme through its commitment *in the BOOST Acceleration Programme*, a programme which supports innovation by building the entrepreneurs’ abilities and potential. We will focus particularly on supporting innovative business models of Polish-Ukrainian institutions, non-governmental organisations and enterprises.

## VII. Cooperation with international financial institutions

Poland will continue its active cooperation with International Financial Institutions (IFIs) of which it is a member, i.e., the European Investment Bank Group, the European Bank for

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<sup>1</sup> Within the EDF contribution of EUR 16,239,381 – EUR 16,058,720 will be paid as the EC contribution, and EUR 180,661 as the contribution to the EIB.



Reconstruction and Development, the World Bank Group, the Council of Europe Development Bank, the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank, and the International Monetary Fund.

Poland's involvement in the global development efforts of IFIs emphasises the areas and activities that are priorities for *Polish Assistance*, also in reference to influencing policy-making of these institutions and projects implemented and financed in the respective countries. What remains key in this context is the activity of Polish representatives in the IFI management bodies who will strive to reform the World Bank and multilateral development banks to address the need to mobilise more funds for development and climate. Within IFIs, Poland will also continue its support for projects implemented in Ukraine and other countries of the Eastern Partnership, contributing to ensuring said country's financial stability and economic recovery in the region.

In this context, we will maintain cooperation with multilateral development banks, especially within trust funds for Eastern Partnership countries, especially Ukraine, Moldova, Armenia and Georgia, pursuing projects in renewable energy, energy efficiency, pro-environmental public transport, waste management, district heating and water supply.

In 2025, Poland will be committed to the trust fund set up for Ukraine by the European Investment Bank (EIB) – EU for Ukraine Fund (EU4U) – which it joined in 2024 by contributing EUR 25 million. The measures within this fund will envisage support for critical public sector infrastructure in Ukraine (e.g., rebuilding bridges, hospitals, and schools) and investment in Ukraine's economic recovery.

## VIII. Policy Coherence for Development

In 2025, in growing the efficiency of the Polish development cooperation system, we will focus on efforts to ensure Policy Coherence for Development (PCD), i.e., designing and pursuing policies so as to avoid activities that have a negative impact on global development and growth opportunities of developing countries, including priority countries of Polish development cooperation.

Priority areas for the PCD-based approach to development cooperation will be: *fighting against illegal trade in endangered plant and animal species* (with the Ministry of Climate and Environment being the lead institution) as well as *operating the OECD National Contact Point for Responsible Business Conduct and promoting responsible business conduct standards in cooperation with stakeholders* (with the Ministry of Development Funds and Regional Policy being the lead institution).

## IX. Evaluation of effectiveness in achieving development cooperation objectives

Evaluating the effectiveness in achieving Polish development cooperation objectives is a requirement under the Development Cooperation Act. Poland's obligation to have in place a functioning evaluation and monitoring system also arises from its membership in OECD DAC<sup>2</sup>.

The evaluation of Polish development cooperation projects and programmes serves to gain objective knowledge on the development initiatives pursued, including on their coherence and effectiveness. This knowledge serves primarily to increase the effectiveness of *Polish Assistance* and to streamline the planning and management of initiatives.

In 2025, the MFA will investigate the effectiveness of the implementation under *Polish Assistance* of Sustainable Development Goals described in Agenda 2030 and specified in the 2021-2030 MDCP.

The purpose of the evaluation will be to get objective insight into how *Polish Assistance* contributes to implementing selected sustainable development goals in a maximum of three priority countries and ensuring that there is coherence between sustainable development goals specified in the MDCP and the self-assessment of their implementation on the part of partner states within the framework of the Voluntary National Review.

The results will be used in drafting further plans and programmes related to Polish development cooperation efforts.

At the same time, MFA will continue to monitor *Polish Assistance* initiatives. Inspections at project locations will be carried out primarily in priority countries.

The costs of the evaluation and monitoring will be financed from the budget of the Department of Development Cooperation.

## X. Information activities

Information activities concerning development assistance and humanitarian aid will serve to make development issues, including Poland's commitment to development assistance and humanitarian efforts across the world, more popular among the public.

To disseminate information on development efforts, humanitarian activities and global education, various means and forms of media will be used, in particular the government website [www.gov.pl/web/polishaid](http://www.gov.pl/web/polishaid).

Cooperation will be continued in the area of information and education within the EU Member States, among others with OECD DevCom and Global Education Network Europe (GENE).

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<sup>2</sup> See: Review of Poland's Development Co-Operation Policies and Programmes. Peer review report, Paris, 8 November 2023, p. 6.

## **XI. Manner of implementation of Polish development cooperation**

### **A. Measures carried out in collaboration with government administration bodies**

Aid activities pursued by government administration bodies are aimed at strengthening Poland's bilateral relations with priority countries by sharing experience in the establishment and functioning of modern state institutions. Support for selected countries of the Eastern Partnership in their path towards EU membership will be key.

The projects of government administration bodies will be implemented under the thematic priorities specified for individual priority countries in Chapter I. The rules and manner of project implementation are defined in the Guidelines for government administration bodies regarding the implementation of Polish development cooperation projects.

In 2025, 60 projects will be implemented, in line with Annex IV.

We will continue cooperation within the interministerial Group for Intergovernmental Credit Cooperation. The MFA will strive to fulfil the OECD DAC recommendations on untying aid, in particular for the least developed countries (LDCs) and heavily indebted poor countries (HIPC).

#### **Eastern Partnership Academy of Public Administration**

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in cooperation with the Lech Kaczyński National School of Public Administration, will continue training events aimed at public administration officials from EaP countries, i.e., Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova, and Ukraine, within the framework of the Eastern Partnership Academy of Public Administration (EPAPA).

The curriculum of specialist EPAPA training includes lectures and workshops delivered by experienced experts and practitioners from Poland. The curriculum covers, among other things, European integration, civil service, regional policy, and other issues, as requested by partner countries.

#### **Scholarships and education costs**

The scholarship policy remains an important instrument for supporting the development of partner countries in the context of implementing the 2030 Agenda objectives. The scholarship policy contributes to building the social and economic capacity of partner countries and to strengthening their cooperation with Poland.

Funds at the disposal of the MFA will be used to finance, among others, the Stefan Banach Scholarship Programme<sup>3</sup> pursued by the Polish National Agency for Academic Exchange, the Konstanty Kalinowski Government Scholarship Programme run by the Centre for East European Studies at the University of Warsaw, and scholarships at the College of Europe in Natolin<sup>4</sup>.

## B. Projects implemented through non-governmental organisations, local government bodies, higher education institutions, research institutes and the Polish Academy of Sciences

The commitment of social partners strengthens development cooperation and contributes to the sustainable social and economic development of partner countries. It serves to support the regional and local authorities and communities in the period of transformation by developing the civil society, reinforcing human rights, ensuring local governance and empowering the disadvantaged.

In 2025, no new *Polish Assistance* or *Global Education* calls for proposals will be announced, given that the targets planned within the framework of second and third modules of projects accepted within the previously conducted calls for proposals exhaust the funds allocated in 2025 for grant procedures.

In turn, we will announce the call for proposals titled **“Securing the funds for own contributions for the implementation of humanitarian projects, financed from sources other than the 2025 budget of the Republic of Poland.”** This call for proposals aims to select the best projects from among the initiatives co-financed from sources other than the budget of the Republic of Poland and which involve the implementation of humanitarian activities.

## C. Activities carried out through Solidarity Fund PL

In 2025, the MFA will commission Solidarity Fund PL to carry out targets under Polish development cooperation in accordance with the thematic scope specified in Chapter I.

In agreement with the MFA, Solidarity Fund PL will organise election observation missions and training courses for observers as part of OSCE/ODIHR observation missions, particularly in Eastern Partnership countries and Central Asia.

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<sup>3</sup> The 2025 offer will be addressed to the following countries: Albania, Angola, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kosovo, Lebanon, Mexico, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Palestine, Papua New Guinea, Peru, the Philippines, Rwanda, Senegal, Serbia, Tanzania, Tunisia, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Vietnam.

<sup>4</sup> Under the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Poland and the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine on the education of Ukrainian citizens at the College of Europe dated 25 November 2009, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs will co-finance scholarships for Ukrainian citizens. These activities aim to support Ukraine’s aspirations for European Union membership.

## D. Projects implemented through Polish foreign missions

Polish development cooperation is pursued through projects implemented by Polish diplomatic missions in priority countries for Polish assistance as well as in other countries indicated by the MFA and listed among OECD DAC official development assistance beneficiaries. In priority countries, projects are implemented within the scope of thematic priorities specified in Chapter I. In other developing countries, missions' projects should further the implementation of the thematic priorities for Polish development cooperation specified in the 2021-2030 Programme. Diplomatic missions' projects may also involve humanitarian aid, especially in food and health, shelter, education and social care, as well as the water and hygiene sector.

An indicative distribution of funds allocated for the implementation of projects by Polish diplomatic missions is presented in Annex III hereto.

## XII. Funds earmarked for development cooperation

Polish development cooperation is financed from the budgets of government administration bodies and the National Bank of Poland; there is also a special-purpose reserve earmarked within the state budget. The purpose of these funds is specified under Annexes I and II.

In accordance with the 2021–2030 Programme, Polish development cooperation will be implemented primarily in the priority countries identified in the annually adopted Plans. Funds may also be earmarked for humanitarian actions in other countries and for global education.

The National Coordinator for Development Cooperation at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is authorised to make decisions on the reallocation of funds between individual targets pursued by the MFA and specified in Annex I of the Plan, and on the financing of additional initiatives in development cooperation. Decisions on transfers do not require modification of the 2025 Development Cooperation Plan.

## Annex I. Activities to be implemented in 2025 by government administration bodies and the National Bank of Poland using funds allocated directly by these bodies.

The figures below are based on estimates<sup>5</sup>.

Statistics Poland	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Provision of support in building and developing public statistics systems in beneficiary countries (expert missions, study visits)	PLN 40,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 40,000</b>

Ministry of State Assets	
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
Poland's membership fee to the Universal Postal Union (UPU)	CHF 42,499 ( <i>represents 16% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 201,870.25</b>

Ministry of Digital Affairs	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Ensuring communications in Ukraine	PLN 129,400,000.00
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
International Telecommunication Union (ITU)	CHF 57,240.00 ( <i>represents 18% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 129,671,890.00</b>

Ministry of National Education	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Provision of financial social assistance (school scholarship and allowance) for Ukrainian students – Assistance Fund's financing plan for 2025	PLN 12,000,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 12,000,000</b>

<sup>5</sup> Amounts in foreign currencies translated per exchange rates for expense limits as at 10 October 2025 (EUR 1 = PLN 4.48; USD 1 = PLN 4.10; CHF 1 = PLN 4.75).

<b>Ministry of Finance</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Loans as part of tied aid (based on grant equivalent value)	USD 41,832,122.60 EUR 108,732,669.60
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
Poland's participation in financing the European Union's Official Development Assistance through its EU budget contribution	EUR 610,000,000
International Development Association, in respect of the 18th, 19th and 20th IDA Replenishment Rounds	EUR 7,660,000
International Development Association, in respect of Poland's participation in the IDA Crisis Facility	EUR 500,000
International Development Association, in respect of the Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative	PLN 1,850,000
Council of Europe Development Bank, in respect of membership fee	EUR 7,517 ( <i>represents 18% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Council of Europe Development Bank, in respect of the increase in the Bank's capital	EUR 1,264,751 ( <i>represents 18% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
International Monetary Fund (IMF) – subsidising Poverty Reduction and Growth Trust	PLN 10,000,000
International Finance Corporation (IFC) – in respect of an increase in the Corporation's capital	USD 21,246,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 3,532,649,223.11</b>

<b>Ministry of Infrastructure</b>	
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
The World Meteorological Organisation (WMO)	CHF 22,849 ( <i>represents 4% of contribution classified as ODA</i> )
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 108,532.75</b>

<b>Ministry of Climate and Environment</b>	
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
Washington Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)	USD 53,600

International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA)	USD 132,000 ( <i>represents 66% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer – Multilateral Fund	USD 2,484,500
The United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa (UNCCD)	EUR 62,900
UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Kyoto Protocol (UNFCCC)	EUR 187,758 ( <i>represents 61% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) – contribution to the Protocol on Long-term Financing of the Cooperative Programme for Monitoring and Evaluation of the Long-range Transmission of Air Pollutants in Europe (EMEP) to the Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution (LRTAP)	USD 28,494 ( <i>represents 58% of contribution classified as ODA</i> )
The International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)	CHF 300
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 12,188,608.24</b>

Ministry of Culture and National Heritage	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Scholarships for students on first-, second- and long-cycle degree programmes, and covering education costs for those enrolled in initial training courses	PLN 1,782,600
Gaude Polonia – scholarships for young artists and translators of Polish literature from Central European countries	PLN 3,194,000
Thesaurus Poloniae – scholarships for scholars doing research on the culture, history and multicultural heritage of Central Europe	PLN 200,000
The Academy of Heritage for Ukraine – educational programme on managing cultural institutions addressed to employees of museums in Ukraine	PLN 60,000
Restoration, inventory-taking and digitisation, as well as expert opinions on the preservation status of heritage sites	PLN 5,330,600
<b>Contributions to international organisations:</b>	
UNESCO World Heritage Fund	USD 17,335 ( <i>represents 60% of contribution classified as ODA</i> )



UNESCO Intangible Cultural Heritage Fund	USD 17,335 (represents 60% of contribution classified as ODA)
UNESCO Underwater Cultural Heritage Fund	USD 17,335 (represents 60% of contribution classified as ODA)
UNESCO International Fund for Cultural Diversity	USD 17,335 (represents 60% of contribution classified as ODA)
World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO)	CHF 1,026 (represents 3% of contribution classified as ODA)
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 10,856,367.50</b>

<b>Ministry of Science and Higher Education</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Financing organisational and administrative expenses related to the implementation of aid programmes*	PLN 2,499,000
Scholarships for foreigners: students of first- and second-cycle programmes, uniform master's programmes and PhD students – holders of NAWA (the Polish National Agency for Academic Exchange) Director scholarships from ODA countries	PLN 409,000
Scholarships for participants of scholarship programmes and research internships for citizens of Eastern Partnership countries and post-Soviet republics.	PLN 25,485,650
Secondment of academic teachers to Polish language teaching centres abroad in ODA beneficiary countries and organisation of Polish language and culture courses in Poland for scholarship holders from ODA countries	PLN 7,219,200
Scholarships for foreign students (incl. PhD students) or long-term trainees, Polish Government scholarship holders from ODA countries (financing of benefits) – as part of the Personal Exchange Programme for students and scholars, including the implementation of bilateral and multilateral agreements	PLN 2,113,500
Costs of education for foreigners from developing countries who are studying on Polish public high education institutions	PLN 565,395,177
Scholarships for foreign academic personnel visiting Polish academic institutions for a period of 6–24 months	PLN 9,579,000

Other assistance programmes for ODA countries, among others:	
1. Polish-Ukrainian cooperation among institutions representing university rectors to improve higher education facilities – an international project of the Warsaw University of Technology implemented with the support from the Ministry of Science and Higher Education	PLN 650,000
2. “Innovative University and Leadership” carried out by the University of Warsaw’s Artes Liberales Faculty with the support from the Ministry of Science and Higher Education	PLN 500,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 613,850,527</b>

\* the forecast does not include organisational and administrative expenses related to the implementation of assistance programmes financed by the Polish National Agency for Academic Exchange under subsidies for specific entities.

<b>Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Assistance Fund 2025 - funds for benefits and allowances for Ukrainian citizens (funds to cover family benefits and funds held by the Social Insurance Institution – 800+ childcare benefit, “Good Start” benefit, Family Care Capital and co-funding for nursery care)	PLN 1,981,504,487.00
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
International Labour Organisation (MOP)	The contribution for 2026, to be paid in 2025, will be specified during the 113th Session of the International Labour Conference in June 2025
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 1,981,504,487.00</b>

<b>Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
Support for CEI (Central European Initiative) to strengthen the institutional capacities and produce of the Ukrainian agri-food sector and rural areas by implementing EU policy tools and best practices (participation of the Institute of Agricultural and Food Economics - National Research Institute)	PLN 68,000

<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)	USD 2,085,163.73 ( <i>represents 83% of the contribution classified as ODA</i> )  EUR 1,449,069.02 ( <i>represents 83% of the contribution classified as ODA</i> )
European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO)	EUR 90,297.90
World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE)	EUR 39,682.34 ( <i>represents 61% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
UN World Food Programme (WFP)	USD 200,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 16,511,311.98</b>

<b>Ministry of Development and Technology</b>	
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO)	EUR 1,127,913
Voluntary contribution to aid projects under OEC programmes (likely for the continuation of OECD's "Ukraine Country Desk")	EUR 100,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 5,501,050.24</b>

<b>Ministry of Sport and Tourism</b>	
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
World Tourism Organisation (UN WTO)	EUR 171,860.78 ( <i>represents 89% of the contribution classified as ODA</i> )
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 769,936.29</b>

<b>Ministry of the Interior and Administration</b>
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<b>Activities:</b>	
Assistance Fund for war refugees from Ukraine in connection with the performance of task <i>“Tasks performed and coordinated by the minister competent for home affairs under the Act on Assistance to Citizens of Ukraine in Connection with the Armed Conflict on the Territory of that Country”</i> <sup>6</sup>	PLN 1,353,021,500
Responding to humanitarian crises and conducting rescue operations by the State Fire Service	PLN 880,000 <sup>7</sup>
Financing the UNHCR Office in Warsaw	PLN 520,000
Maintaining the Polish Police Special Unit contingent in Kosovo and participation of experts in police missions	PLN 6,500,000
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
International Organisation for Migration (IOM) – administrative contribution	CHF 775,872
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 1,364,606,892.00</b>

<b>Ministry of Foreign Affairs</b>	
<b>Activities implemented by the Department of Development Cooperation</b>	
State budget’s special-purpose reserve for development cooperation <sup>8</sup>	PLN 34,188,000
Polish NGO projects selected under “Polish Assistance 2024” call for proposals <sup>9</sup>	PLN 46,798,687.38
Polish NGO projects selected under “Global Education 2024” call for proposals	PLN 2,180,590
Polish NGO projects selected under “Polish Development Assistance 2023”	PLN 2,504,300
Call for own contributions for Polish NGOs to implement humanitarian projects financed from	PLN 1,000,000

<sup>6</sup> Global estimated value. The amount includes the performance of tasks resulting from the provisions of the amended Act of 12 March 2022 on *Assistance to Citizens of Ukraine in Connection with the Armed Conflict on the Territory of that Country* and coordinated by the Minister of the Interior and Administration. It may change due to unforeseen circumstances influencing the essential expenses. The actual level of involvement will be taken into account at the stage of ODA statistical reporting.

<sup>7</sup> It is not possible to determine the exact number and locations of potential rescue or humanitarian operations resulting from a natural or man-made disaster. The actual level of involvement of the State Fire Service in ODA recipient countries will be included at the stage of ODA statistical reporting.

<sup>8</sup> The reserve is used directly by entities other than the MFA. Detailed planned items are presented in Annex II – “Distribution of funds from the state budget’s special-purpose reserve.”

<sup>9</sup> Incl. funds for local government unit.

sources other than the 2025 budget of the Republic of Poland	
Projects implemented by diplomatic missions	PLN 12,000,000
Activities carried out through Solidarity Fund PL	PLN 30,000,000
Voluntary contributions within the framework of multilateral development cooperation	PLN 15,000,000
Contributions to international organisations under humanitarian aid	PLN 40,000,000
Declared contributions – humanitarian aid (ICRC, OCHA)	PLN 5,000,000
Humanitarian aid – sudden crises	PLN 14,216,423
OECD Kyiv Office	PLN 1,000,000
Eastern Partnership Academy of Public Administration	PLN 2,000,000
Co-financing the costs of educating Ukrainian citizens at the College of Europe in Natolin	PLN 1,000,000
Co-financing the costs of educating Turkish citizens at the College of Europe in Natolin	PLN 300,000
<b>Contributions and payments to international organisations:</b>	
Contribution to the European Development Fund (EDF)	EUR 16,239,381
Payment to the Council of Europe budget	EUR 4,510,871
Payment to the general UN budget	USD 13,713,919 ( <i>represents 52% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Payment to the budget of the UN peacekeeping operations	USD 2,975,142 ( <i>represents 15% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Payment to the general UNESCO budget	USD 908,970 ( <i>represents 60% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Payment to the general UNESCO budget	EUR 743,609 ( <i>represents 60% of payment classified as ODA</i> )
Payment to the general OBWE budget	EUR 1,640,000 ( <i>represents 74% of the contribution classified as ODA</i> )
Payment to the International Visegrad Fund (IVF)	EUR 2,750,000
Voluntary payment to the International Organisation of la Francophonie	EUR 23,000
Radio and TV activities	PLN 40,000,000
Enlargement Academy	PLN 120,000

NATO Moldova Professional Development Programme	EUR 100,000
Voluntary Payment to NATO (Comprehensive Assistance Package for Ukraine)	EUR 200,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 436,866,664.76</b>

<b>National Bank of Poland</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
NBP commitment	PLN 3,200,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 3,200,000</b>

<b>Polish Financial Supervision Authority</b>	
<b>Activities:</b>	
International training programmes for mid-level financial supervision employees from Central and Eastern Europe under the TIFS (Training Initiative for Financial Supervision) training platform	PLN 151,010
<b>Total</b>	<b>PLN 151,010</b>

<b>GRAND TOTAL FOR 2025</b>	<b>PLN 8,120,678,371.12</b>
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## Annex II. Distribution of funds from the state budget's special-purpose reserve

<b>Special-purpose reserve in PLN</b>	<b>PLN 34.188 million</b>
Projects implemented by public administration bodies – 2023 modules	286,380
Projects implemented by public administration bodies – 2024 modules	8,297,896
Scholarship programmes and projects implemented by public administration authorities, selected in 2025	25,603,500

## Annex III. Projects implemented through Polish foreign missions<sup>10</sup>

COUNTRY/REGION	LIMIT OF FUNDS
<b>PRIORITY COUNTRIES (TOTAL)</b>	<b>PLN 4,779,200</b>
<b>WESTERN BALKANS</b>	<b>PLN 1,344,000</b>
<b>SOUTH CAUCASUS AND CENTRAL ASIA (excl. priority countries)</b>	<b>PLN 537,600</b>
<b>AFRICA AND MIDDLE EAST (excl. priority countries)</b>	<b>PLN 1,779,800</b>
<b>ASIA-PACIFIC</b>	<b>PLN 1,300,000</b>
<b>LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN</b>	<b>PLN 667,400</b>
<b>RESERVE</b>	<b>PLN 1,572,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>PLN 12,000,000</b>

### Detailed distribution of amounts for projects implemented by Polish foreign missions

Foreign mission	Amount in mission's tender	Foreign mission	Amount in mission's tender
Polish Embassy in Kyiv, Consulates General in Lviv, Lutsk, Kharkiv, Odesa and Vinnytsia	300,000	Polish Embassy in Luanda	20,000
Polish Embassy in Chişinău	130,000	Polish Embassy in Pretoria	40,000
Polish Embassy in Tbilisi	100,000	Polish Embassy in Rabat	40,000
Polish Representative Office in Ramallah	125,000	Polish Embassy in Riyadh	20,000
Polish Embassy in Beirut	120,000	Polish Embassy in Tehran	30,000
Polish Embassy in Addis Ababa	80,000	Polish Embassy in Tripoli	20,000
Polish Embassy in Nairobi	80,000	Polish Embassy in Tunis	40,000
Polish Embassy in Dar es Salaam	80,000	Polish Embassy in Bangkok	65,000
Polish Embassy in Dakar	80,000	Polish Embassy in Canberra	30,000
Polish Embassy in Belgrade	80,000	Polish Embassy in Jakarta	50,000
Polish Embassy in Podgorica	40,000	Polish Embassy in Hanoi	20,000
Polish Embassy in Sarajevo	60,000	Polish Embassy in Islamabad	20,000
Polish Embassy in Skopje, serving Pristina	60,000	Polish Embassy in Manila	35,000
Polish Embassy in Tirana	60,000	Polish Embassy in New Delhi	50,000
Polish Embassy in Astana	20,000	Polish Embassy in Ulaanbaatar	20,000
Polish Embassy in Yerevan	70,000	Polish Embassy in Wellington	20,000
Polish Embassy in Tashkent	30,000	Polish Embassy in Bogotá	15,000
Polish Embassy in Abuja	30,000	Polish Embassy in Brasília	15,000
Polish Embassy in Algiers	20,000	Polish Embassy in Buenos Aires	15,000
Polish Embassy in Amman	40,000	Polish Embassy in Caracas	30,000
Polish Embassy in Baghdad, Consulate General in Erbil	20,000	Polish Embassy in Havana	15,000
Polish Embassy in Damascus	20,000	Polish Embassy in Lima	30,000
Polish Embassy in Cairo	50,000	Polish Embassy in Mexico City	20,000
Polish Embassy in Kigali	20,000	Polish Embassy in Panama City	20,000

<sup>10</sup> Foreign currency translations with planning exchange rates of USD 1 = PLN 4.10 PLN; EUR 1 = PLN 4.48 PLN; AUD 1 = PLN 2.85.



## Annex IV. Projects continued in 2025 as part of the second and third modules

### Projects implemented by government administration authorities in 2025

Proposal No.	Government administration authorities	Project name	Country	Amount of co-financing
DWR/ADM 2023/010/3	MIA	Increasing the efficiency of Ukraine's search and rescue group activities by enhancing the competence of its management, refining technical skills of its members, and extending its training centre, i.e. the group's training ground	Ukraine	286,380
DWR/ADM 2024/018/2	MDFRP	Supporting Moldovan public administration in its EU integration process with regards to EU fund management – continued	Moldova	630,285
DWR/ADM 2024/007/2	MIA	Enhancing the effectiveness of Ukrainian emergency services in response to emergency situations – Stage 6	Ukraine	390,000
DWR/ADM 2024/016/2	MIA	Developing specialised emergency services in Georgia in the area of height and technical rescue	Georgia	603,100
DWR/ADM 2024/017/2	MIA	Building the capacity of the Moldovan search and rescue group in line with UN standards	Moldova	500,000
DWR/ADM 2024/011/3	MIA	Support for the General Inspectorate for Emergency Situations of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Moldova – Stage 3	Moldova	480,000
DWR/ADM 2024/012/2	MIA	Training officers of the Patrol Police and Crisis Management Services in taking multifaceted efforts to improve road safety in Georgia	Georgia	549,022
DWR/ADM 2024/008/3	MDFRP	Supporting Georgian public administration and entrepreneurship	Georgia	857,000
DWR/ADM 2024/003/2	MIA	Providing training to rebuild the capacity of the State Border Guard Service of Ukraine – module project (to be implemented in 2024-2025)	Ukraine	430,000
DWR/ADM 2024/004/2	MIA	Continuing development activities for the Moldovan Border Police in preventing cross-border crime – module project (to be implemented in 2024-2025)	Moldova	786,000

DWR/ADM 2024/014/3	MIA	Strengthening the readiness and the response capacity of Georgian rescue services through the development of a training centre for firefighters – part 2.	Georgia	445,000
DWR/ADM 2024/002/3	MDFRP	Supporting the development of entrepreneurship and competitiveness of Ukrainian regions – continued	Ukraine	2,062,389
DWR/ADM 2024/028/2	MDFRP	Strengthening the potential of Ukrainian administration authorities in shaping regional policy with the help of Poland	Ukraine	565,100
DWR/PS 2024- 2026/002/3	MNiSW	Stefan Banach Scholarship Programme	Poland	TBA
DWR/PS 2024- 2026/001/3	MNiSW	Konstanty Kalinowski Government Scholarship Programme “Solidarity with Belarus”	Belarus	9,960,000

**Modules III of the projects selected in the “Polish Development Assistance 2023” call for proposals**

<b>Proposal No.</b>	<b>Applicant</b>	<b>Project name</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>Subsidy amount</b>
DWR/PPR 2023/029/3	Caritas Poland	Integral support for persons with disabilities in the faraway locations of West Bank of the Palestinian Authority	Palestine	1,426,300.00
DWR/PPR 2023/013/3	Podlaska Regional Development Foundation	Business on High Heels – supporting entrepreneurial women in Moldova	Moldova	629,200.00
DWR/PPR 2023/057/3	Jagiellonian Foundation	Strengthening civil society through the implementation of participatory and inclusive solutions	Ukraine	448,800.00

**Modules II of the projects selected in the “Polish Development Assistance 2024” call for proposals**

<b>Proposal No.</b>	<b>Applicant</b>	<b>Project name</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>Subsidy amount</b>
DWR/PP 2024 (jst)/005/2	Wasilków Municipality	Portile Raiului. Regenerating the local government’s tourism infrastructure for greater social integrity. Caplani-Wasilków	Moldova	553,770.00
DWR/PP 2024/007/3	East Foundation	Biotech innovations in improving the competitive nature of the Moldovan plant cultivation sector	Moldova	847,190.00
DWR/PP 2024/009/2	Socio-educational Association for Assisting Victims and the Disabled “Edukator”	Child development, safety and well-being. Diversification and improvement of kindergarten services in the Marneuli Region.	Georgia	661,018.00
DWR/PP 2024/011/2	ADRA Poland Foundation	Improving access to specialist education and rehabilitation services for children with disabilities in Georgia	Georgia	399,405.62
DWR/PP 2024/017/2	The Salesian Don Bosco Foundation	“Improving access to vocational education for socially marginalised children and youth – Dilla, Ethiopia”	Ethiopia	1,928,443.35
DWR/PP 2024/024/2	Salesian Association – St. Stanisław Kostka Province	Improving access to and ensuring high-quality education, and raising awareness about practising hygiene, enjoying a healthy lifestyle, and taking care of the natural environment among children and youth in Thies (Senegal).	Senegal	510,882.51

DWR/PP 2024/026/3	Polish Medical Mission Association	Protect the Future! Strengthening Ukrainian healthcare in neonatology and obstetrics.	Ukraine	1,793,140.00
DWR/PP 2024/030/3	Polish Humanitarian Organisation	GLOW Center for Empowerment 4 – Growing the educational potential and professional employment – empowering the most vulnerable communities in Lebanon	Lebanon	1,502,522.09
DWR/PP 2024/033/2	Ophthalmologists for Africa Foundation	STOP diabetes and vision loss in Tanzania	Tanzania	560,050.00
DWR/PP 2024/035/3	Polish Medical Mission Association	Safe maternity – supporting neonatological and obstetrics care in Ethiopia	Ethiopia	1,732,220.00
DWR/PP 2024/036/3	Polish Center for International Aid Foundation	Building the capacity for Kenyan rescue services to carry out search and rescue during construction disasters	Kenya	2,394,027.00
DWR/PP 2024/037/2	Polish Center for International Aid Foundation	Rebuilding the infrastructure, improving access to medical services, and providing humanitarian aid in Kharkiv, Kherson and Poltava Oblasts	Ukraine	3,128,570.00
DWR/PP 2024/041/2	Poland-East Africa Economic Foundation	Developing a center for advanced skills in dairy farming and entrepreneurship for young people and farmers in the Kilimanjaro region of Tanzania, based on the Kilacha Livestock and Agriculture Training Center	Tanzania	1,120,000.00
DWR/PP 2024/042/2	Kiabakari	“Nyumba Salama” (Safe House) – providing a safe environment and hope for a better future for girls fleeing female genital mutilation, forced child marriage and other forms of gender-based violence in Tanzania	Tanzania	1,016,100.00

DWR/PP 2024/043/3	Polish Center for International Aid Foundation	Strengthening the healthcare system and providing equal opportunities in access to medical aid for communities at risk of exclusion in the West Bank	Palestine	2,018,025.00
DWR/PP 2024/044/3	Relief Service Foundation of the Polish Association of the Order of Malta	Strengthening the voluntary rescue system in Ukraine	Ukraine	741,762.00
DWR/PP 2024/045/3	HumanDoc Foundation	Mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) as a basis for the recovery and reinforcement of the society	Ukraine	1,840,000.00
DWR/PP 2024/046/3	HumanDoc Foundation	EkoApp for sustainable tourism in Moldova	Moldova	1,014,000.00
DWR/PP 2024/047/3	HumanDoc Foundation	Developing the Georgian government and non-government system for supporting victims of domestic violence	Georgia	1,057,420.00
DWR/PP 2024/052/2	Solidarity Bridge Foundation	Providing psychomedical support for civilians and strengthening the competences of the medical personnel in the Dnipropetrovsk, Donetsk and Zaporizhzhia Oblasts, Ukraine	Ukraine	1,469,500.00
DWR/PP 2024/053/3	Foundation Science for Development	Improving the quality of youth education in dairy processing in Tanzania by improving teaching conditions – establishing a centre for excellence	Tanzania	888,820.00
DWR/PP 2024/062/3	Polish Center for International Aid Foundation	Supporting rescue and emergency response services in Ethiopia	Ethiopia	2,397,057.00

DWR/PP 2024/063/3	Polish Medical Mission Association	Improving the quality of medical services, ensuring access to fundamental healthcare, providing psychosocial support for excluded Palestinian communities	Palestine	1,697,805.00
DWR/PP 2024/067/3	Polish Center for International Aid Foundation	Sustainable development in Lebanon	Lebanon	3,417,425.00
DWR/PP 2024/069/3	Polish Humanitarian Organisation	Improving access to and quality of healthcare in the West Bank, Area C, with mobile wards, as well as building the capacity of institutional and local communities	Palestine	3,157,350.21
DWR/PP 2024/078/2	Society of Friends of the Korycin Land	Developing rural tourism in the Dmanisi Region by implementing an innovative model for building a local tourism product	Georgia	615,000.00
DWR/PP 2024/085/2	Pro Spe Foundation	Improving healthcare and providing specialist aid in Georgia	Georgia	599,580.00
DWR/PP 2024/088/2	ACADEMIC COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION	Organising and establishing a Polish-Ukrainian Witelon & Ivan Franko Psychomedical Centre	Ukraine	300,000.00
DWR/PP 2024/092/3	Polish Medical Mission Association	“O Wood Yaye fo xa Tebandong” – integral medical aid for mother and child in Senegal – continued (1)	Senegal	1,755,076.00
DWR/PP 2024/094/2	Phoenicia Foundation of St. Charbel	See Lebanon – developing and promoting local entrepreneurship	Lebanon	792,758.00
DWR/PP 2024/104/2	EcoDevelopment Foundation	Protected areas as an opportunity for local entrepreneurship. Building equal opportunities for local entrepreneurs by supporting communities.	Georgia	666,280.00

DWR/PP 2024/121/2	Caritas Poland	Improving the quality of and access to psychological care for children and their families at Family Support Centres in Kharkiv, Odesa, Vinnytsia and Zhytomyr, Ukraine	Ukraine	2,828,168.60
DWR/PP 2024/126/2	Kaleidoscope of Cultures	Rebuilding hope: Psychological support for persons affected by the war in Ukraine, including internally displaced persons as well as veterans and their families	Ukraine	901,922.00
DWR/PP 2024/135/2	Santa Claus Foundation	Providing psychological aid to children affected by the hostilities in Ukraine	Ukraine	493,400.00

**Modules II of the projects selected in the “Global Education 2024” call for proposals**

Proposal No.	Applicant	Project name	Subsidy amount
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DWR/EG 2024/014/3	Education for Democracy Foundation	Global Education 2024-2026 Regranting for NGOs	1,000,000.00
DWR/EG 2024/005/2	The Centre for Citizenship Education Foundation	Global School for the Advanced	56,735.00
DWR/EG 2024/013/3	HumanDoc Foundation	The HumanDOC International Documentary Film Festival – A New, Better World	450,000.00
DWR/EG 2024/012/3	Grupa Zagranica	TOGETHER FOR CHANGE. Building the capacity of NGOs for Global Education in Poland	100,500.00
DWR/EG 2024/017/3	Grupa Zagranica	TIME FOR GLOBAL EDUCATION. From school education to youth initiatives for sustainable development	94,555.00
DWR/EG 2024/027/2	To Proste Foundation	Planet 2030: Together for a Sustainable Future	273,130.00
DWR/EG 2024/006/2	The Centre for Citizenship Education Foundation	Global School. Together for a Sustainable World.	91,170.00
DWR/EG 2024/026/2	NGO Trainers' Association	Bringing people together for an open planet – games for sustainable development	114,500.00



## Annex V. Matrix of outcomes<sup>11</sup>

Main priority*	Specific priorities* <sup>12</sup>	Specific targets under Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) <sup>13</sup>	Indicators and global target indicators ( <a href="https://sdg.gov.pl/en/">https://sdg.gov.pl/en/</a> )	Expected outcomes of activities
<p><b>Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions</b></p> <p>(SDG 16)</p>		<p><b>16.6</b> Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels</p> <p><b>16.7</b> Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels</p> <p><b>16.10</b> Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements</p> <p><b>16.b</b> Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of trained representatives of public administration, including tax administration</li> <li>– Number of strategic/legislation documents, recommendations and guidelines developed or reports drafted during project implementation and/or approved for implementation</li> <li>– Number of trained representatives of units responsible for responding to crisis situations</li> <li>– Number of new methods/tools adapted to be used by rescue units</li> <li>– Number of created/modernised crisis management systems</li> <li>– Number of created/modernised rescue/crisis management units</li> </ul>	<p>Public administration has increased its institutional capacity to implement key reforms under the EU Association Agreement.</p> <p>The situation of citizens has improved in terms of universal access to information and protection of fundamental civil liberties.</p> <p>Progress has been established in building civil society and inclusivity of decision-making.</p> <p>Public administration has increased its operational capacities in the</p>

<sup>11</sup> The matrix of outcomes presents the expected outcomes of Polish development cooperation in the context of the sustainable development goals and specific targets of the 2030 Agenda under the 2021–2030 Programme, and it refers to all countries taken together. The matrix also contains proposals for measurement indicators which relate to the existing global goal indicators. The matrix may be modified and expanded as knowledge is acquired, the effectiveness of activities is assessed, and as indicators become adjusted to the updated set of global indicators to monitor the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda.

<sup>12</sup> \* Corresponding to Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

<sup>13</sup> Based on the reference material: “Sustainable Development Goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda”: [https://sdg.gov.pl/assets/pdf/en/Global\\_targets\\_en.pdf](https://sdg.gov.pl/assets/pdf/en/Global_targets_en.pdf)

			<p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>16.6.2</b> Proportion of population satisfied with their last experience of public services</p> <p><b>16.7.2</b> Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group</p>	<p>development of national and regional crisis management systems, prevention of and response to natural and man-made disasters, as well as modernisation of water and sanitation infrastructure in urban agglomerations and waste management.</p>
<p><b>Equal opportunities</b> (SDG 4, 8, 10, 11)</p>	<p><b>Quality Education</b> (SDG 4)</p>	<p><b>4.2</b> By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education</p> <p><b>4.3</b> By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university</p> <p><b>4.4</b> By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of pupils using the upgraded infrastructure of educational centres</li> <li>– Number and area of built/renovated premises/facilities, particularly with regard to the adaptation to the needs of people with disabilities, improvement of sanitary conditions as well as access to water and electricity</li> <li>– Number of people who acquired new skills and competences</li> <li>– Number of hours and number of completed programmes, training sessions and courses</li> <li>– Number of implemented or improved standards/curricula</li> </ul>	<p>Access to quality education at all levels has improved, particularly for girls and young women, orphaned children and people at risk of exclusion due to disability. The number of people in education has increased.</p> <p>Access to technical education, training and career counselling has improved for women and young people, particularly in agriculture and processing, green technologies and IT.</p>

		<p>skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship</p> <p><b>4.5</b> By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations</p> <p><b>4.a</b> Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all</p> <p><b>4.b</b> By 2030, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of produced teaching materials, textbooks, teaching aids</li> <li>– Number and type of scientific and educational equipment items donated/installed</li> <li>– Number of pupils/students trained and using new scientific and educational equipment</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>4.2.2</b> Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age)</p> <p><b>4.3.1</b> Participation rate of adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months</p> <p><b>4.5.1</b> Gender parity indices in education</p> <p><b>4.b.1</b> Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships</p>	<p>The professional competences of teaching staff in educational centres providing education at all levels have increased.</p> <p>Educational centres providing formal and informal education at all levels have better infrastructure and equipment in place.</p>
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		and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries		
	<b>Decent Work (SDG 8)</b>	<p><b>8.3</b> Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p><b>8.5</b> By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value</p> <p><b>8.6</b> By 2030, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training</p> <p><b>8.9</b> By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Number of jobs created</li> <li>2. Number of people who acquired new skills and competences</li> <li>3. Number of graduates of technical and vocational training sessions and courses</li> <li>4. Number of people admitted to undergo internships and apprenticeships in enterprises and public institutions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of people using support in the form of career counselling</li> <li>– Number of new vocational training sessions and courses offered</li> <li>– Level of unemployment among women and young people</li> <li>– Number of economically active young people and women of working age</li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>8.5.1</b> Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation and age</p>	<p>Employment conditions have improved, particularly for women and people with disabilities.</p> <p>Labour force participation and employment have increased, particularly among women and young people.</p> <p>New, quality jobs have been created, addressing the needs of the local economy and labour market, particularly in agriculture and processing, green technologies and IT, as well as sustainable tourism.</p>

		jobs and promotes local culture, natural heritage <sup>14</sup> and products	<p><b>8.5.2</b> Unemployment rate (according to LFS)</p> <p><b>8.6.1</b> Percentage of young people neither in employment nor in education and training (NEET)</p> <p><b>8.9.1</b> Percentage share of tourism in GDP</p> <p><b>8.9.2</b> Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs</p>	
	<b>Entrepreneurship (SDG 8)</b>	<p><b>8.2</b> Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors</p> <p><b>8.3</b> Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship,</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of enterprises covered by support</li> <li>– Number of new businesses, particularly among young people and women as well as in rural areas</li> <li>– Number of business projects originating from project activities, particularly among young people and women as well as in rural areas</li> </ul>	<p>Entrepreneurship based on innovative tools and technologies has increased.</p> <p>In particular, the following sectors have developed: sustainable tourism, agri-food sector, processing, green technologies, IT, and waste management.</p>

<sup>14</sup> The document “Sustainable Development Goals and Targets of the 2030 Agenda” does not refer to natural heritage. Natural heritage has been included in the priorities by subject and added to the matrix as a result of public consultation concerning the Development Cooperation Programme in 2021.

		<p>creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> <p><b>8.9</b> By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture, natural heritage<sup>15</sup> and products</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of newly established producer groups, cooperatives and collectives</li> <li>– Number of newly established non-profit organisations</li> <li>– Number of machinery and equipment items purchased and installed in supported enterprises</li> <li>– Number of people trained in how to open, run and develop a business, particularly among young people and women as well as in rural areas</li> <li>– Number of business people who acquired new knowledge or skills</li> <li>– Number of businesses that adopted new tools/new technologies</li> <li>– Number of hours of advice/consultation for entrepreneurs</li> <li>– Market share of producer group, cooperative, or collective on a particular market</li> <li>– Expenditure on research and development</li> </ul>	<p>Entrepreneurship has increased among young people and women as well as in rural areas.</p> <p>The institutional capacity of local authorities to support entrepreneurship development has increased.</p>
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<sup>15</sup> The document “Sustainable Development Goals and Targets of the 2030 Agenda” does not refer to natural heritage. Natural heritage has been included in the priorities by subject and added to the matrix as a result of public consultation concerning the Development Cooperation Programme in 2021.

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of certificates, patents, licences, trademarks obtained</li> <li>– Implemented or streamlined production, management and sales standards/processes/systems</li> <li>– Amount of budget appropriations to support local entrepreneurship</li> <li>– Number of new programmes to support local entrepreneurship</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>8.2.1</b> Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person</p> <p><b>8.9.1</b> Percentage share of tourism in GDP</p> <p><b>8.9.2</b> Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs</p>	
	<b>Reduced Inequalities</b> (SDG 10)	<p><b>10.2</b> By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status</p> <p><b>10.3</b> Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of training sessions for staff/personnel working with people at risk of social exclusion</li> <li>– Number of trained employees of non-governmental organisations providing support to people at risk of exclusion</li> <li>– Number of facilitations/improvements made and/or access barriers to social</li> </ul>	<p>Access to social services has improved for people from groups at risk of exclusion.</p> <p>Measures have been implemented to reduce inequalities and marginalised groups, including measures to</p>

		discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	<p>services removed for persons at risk of exclusion.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of actions/campaigns/integration events increasing social awareness of issues and needs of persons from groups at risk of exclusion.</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>10.2.1</b> At-risk-of-poverty rate after social transfers</p> <p><b>10.3.1</b> Sense of being discriminated against</p>	combat all forms of violence against women and girls.
	<b>Sustainable Cities</b> (SDG 11)	<p><b>11.3</b> By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries</p> <p><b>11.6</b> By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of training sessions, courses, workshops, meetings targeted at the administration on strengthening urban planning capabilities</li> <li>– Number of people using modernised municipal services, particularly with respect to waste management and fire safety</li> <li>– Number of inhabitants of destroyed urban areas which have undergone reconstruction/revitalization</li> </ul>	<p>The administrative capacity to plan and revitalise cities in a sustainable manner has increased.</p> <p>The quality of life of city residents has improved.</p>



		<p><b>11.7</b> By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities</p> <p><b>11.a</b> Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning</p> <p><b>11.b</b> By 2030, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels</p> <p><b>11.c</b> Support least developed countries, including through</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Area that has been reconstructed/revitalized</li> <li>– Number of residents who have gained access to publicly accessible open spaces</li> <li>– Number of new connections between urban, suburban and rural areas</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>11.2.1</b> Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities</p> <p><b>11.7.1</b> Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all (by sex, age and persons with disabilities)</p> <p><b>11.c.1</b> Proportion of financial support to the least developed countries that is allocated to the construction and retrofitting of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings utilizing local materials</p>	
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		financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials		
<b>Health (SDG 3)</b>		<p><b>3.1</b> By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births</p> <p><b>3.2</b> By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births</p> <p><b>3.8</b> Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all</p> <p><b>3.d</b> Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of people using renewed infrastructure/health care providers</li> <li>– Number and area of renovated premises in health care facilities</li> <li>– Number of people with access to trained medical staff</li> <li>– Number of medical procedures and consultations carried out by trained staff</li> <li>– Number of trained medical staff</li> <li>– Number of hours of completed programmes, training sessions and placements</li> <li>– Number of people treated with new medical equipment</li> <li>– Number and type of donated equipment, including specialist equipment, and medical supplies</li> <li>– Number of implemented or improved sanitation and medical procedures</li> <li>– Number of hours of completed health education classes</li> </ul>	<p>The quality and accessibility of health care have improved, including in perinatal care as well as prevention treatment of infectious diseases.</p> <p>Community awareness of healthy eating for children up to five years of age has increased.</p> <p>The capacity of the Eastern Partnership countries has been strengthened in the area of early warning, risk reduction and domestic and global health risk management.</p>

		reduction and management of national and global health risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of target recipients of educational activities</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>3.1.1</b> Maternal mortality ratio</p> <p><b>3.1.2</b> Proportion of live births attended by skilled health personnel</p> <p><b>3.2.1</b> Under-five mortality rate</p> <p><b>3.2.2</b> Neonatal mortality rate (0 to 27 days)</p> <p><b>3.8.1</b> Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on selected interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)</p> <p><b>3.b.1</b> Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme</p>	
<b>Climate and natural resources</b>	<b>Climate Action (SDG 13)</b>	<b>13.1</b> Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Area covered by preventive and corrective action in relation to environmental issues</li> </ul>	The capacity of public administration to ensure effective environmental

<p>(SDG 6, 7, 13, 15)</p>		<p>related hazards and natural disasters in all countries</p> <p><b>13.2</b> Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning</p> <p><b>13.3</b> Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of preventive and corrective actions taken and procedures developed concerning the mitigation of climate change and human-induced impacts</li> <li>– Extent of alignment between national legislation and EU standards as a result of interventions undertaken</li> <li>– Number of equipment items donated/installed</li> <li>– Number of trained rescue workers</li> <li>– Number of hours and quantity of disaster response training sessions/exercises organised</li> <li>– Number and type of rescue equipment acquired (including personal protective equipment)</li> <li>– Number of hours of training in the use of rescue equipment</li> <li>– Number of designed and implemented procedures to respond to natural disasters</li> <li>– Number of educational materials prepared for training purposes</li> </ul> <p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicator for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>13.1.3</b> Local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction</p>	<p>management has increased.</p> <p>There has been an increase in operational capacity, in particular regarding the establishment of information management systems, early warning, risk reduction and risk management systems, as well as regarding the prevention of natural and man-made disasters and increasing crisis management capabilities.</p>
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			strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies	
	<b>Clean Water and Sanitation</b> (SDG 6)	<p><b>6.2</b> By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations</p> <p><b>6.3</b> By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally</p> <p><b>6.b</b> Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Number of people who have gained access to water and sanitation infrastructure</li> <li>– Number and type of constructed sanitary infrastructure</li> <li>– Number of training sessions/workshops/meetings on waste and water management with the involvement of local community</li> <li>– Number of donated equipment/infrastructure to improve waste management and water management</li> <li>– Number of measures taken and procedures developed concerning waste management and water management</li> <li>– Number of measures taken and procedures developed concerning waste and water management, ensuring the involvement of local community</li> <li>– Number of persons participating in training sessions/workshops/meetings</li> </ul>	<p>Improvement has been recorded in the availability of essential water and sanitation infrastructure, particularly in public institutions and large urban centres.</p> <p>The participation of local communities in water resource and sanitation infrastructure management has also increased.</p>

			<p><u>Indicators linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>6.2.1</b> Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water</p> <p><b>6.3.1</b> Proportion of wastewater safely treated (ratio of the quantity of industrial and municipal waste water treated to the quantity of waste requiring purification discharged into waters or into the grounds)</p> <p><b>6.b.1</b> Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participations of local communities in water and sanitation management</p>	
	<p><b>Forests and Biodiversity</b> (SDG 15)</p>	<p><b>15.1</b> By 2030, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements</p> <p><b>15.2</b> By 2030, promote the implementation of sustainable</p>	<p>Area where measures have been taken to conserve biodiversity, protect and restore the sustainable use of ecosystems</p> <p><u>Indicator linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>15.1.1</b> Share of forest land in land area of the country</p>	<p>Activities intended to conserve biodiversity, protect, restore and sustainably use ecosystems have led to improvements in the area.</p>

		management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	<p><b>15.1.2</b> Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type</p> <p><b>15.2.1</b> Progress towards sustainable forest management</p>	
	<b>Renewable Energy Sources</b> (SDG 7)	<p><b>7.1</b> By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services</p> <p><b>7.2</b> By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix</p> <p><b>7.b</b> By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing states, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support</p>	<p>Number of individuals/entities making use of access to renewable energy and energy-efficient technologies</p> <p><u>Indicator linked to the following indicators for global goals:</u></p> <p><b>7.1.1</b> Proportion of population with access to electricity</p> <p><b>7.1.2</b> Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology</p> <p><b>7.2.1</b> Renewable energy share in the gross final energy consumption</p>	The capacity of the public sector to use renewable energy sources has increased, and access to renewable energy services and energy-efficient technologies has improved, particularly in public institutions.