Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

Gliss Kur Total Repair Reflex-Shine-Treatment

SDS No. : 667767
V001.0
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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Gliss Kur Total Repair Reflex-Shine-Treatment

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Intended use:
Hair Treatment, leave-on

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Henkel AG & Co. KGaA
Düsseldorf Germany
Henkelstr. 67
40191 Düsseldorf
Phone: +49 211-797-0

E-mail address of person responsible for Safety Data Sheet:
Henkel Consumer Brands, e-mail: Elisabeth.Poppe@henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number
The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.
Further information is available at Poison Control Centers.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

2.2. Label elements (CLP)

Hazard pictogram:

Signal word:	Warning
Hazard statement:	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statement: Response	P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.
Precautionary statement: Storage	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Precautionary statement: Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

2.3. Other hazards

Following substances are present in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Add. Information
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5 200-578-6 01-2119457610-43	>= 10- < 20 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Eye Irrit. 2; H319; C > 50 %	
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	>= 2,5- < 10 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7 203-497-4 01-2119970219-31	>= 1- < 2,5 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 236-675-5 01-2119489379-17	>= 0,1- < 1 %	Carc. 2, Inhalation, H351		
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	>= 0,25- < 1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M acute = 1 M chronic = 1	
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7 203-928-6 01-2119970558-23	>= 0,025- < 0,1 %	Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M acute = 10 M chronic = 1	

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".
Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:
In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.
Remove casualty immediately from danger zone. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Inhalation:
Move to fresh air.

Skin contact:
Rinse with water. Take off all clothing contaminated by the product.

Eye contact:
Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion:
Rinse the mouth. Drink 1-2 glasses of water.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
Carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:
High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
The release of following substances is possible in case of fire:

carbon oxides.
nitrogen oxides
Hydrogen chloride.

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Wear protective equipment.

Additional information:
Dispose of combustion residues and contaminated fire-fighting water in accordance with statutory regulations.
Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
No information.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.
Inform authorities in the event of product spillage to water courses or sewage systems.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Dilute small quantities with large amount of water and rinse.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling advice:
No particular measures required.

Fire and explosion protection information:
Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charges.
Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking.

Hygiene measures:
Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.
Immediately remove soiled or soaked clothing.
Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.
Keep away from food, beverages and animal feed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in sealed original container protected against moisture.
Store far from foodstuffs.

7.3. Specific end use(s)
Hair Treatment, leave-on

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Only relevant for professional/industrial use

8.1. Control parameters

Valid for

Germany

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Remarks
Ethanol 64-17-5			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Ethanol 64-17-5	200	380	Exposure limit(s):	4 If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		10	Exposure limit(s):	2 If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		1,25	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation/suction at the workplace.

Respiratory protection:
Not needed.

Hand protection:
For the contact with product protective gloves made from Spezial-Nitril (material thickness > 0.1 mm, break through time > 480 min class 6) are recommended according to EN 374. In the case of longer and repeated contact please note that in practice the penetration times may be considerably shorter than those determined according to EN 374. The protective gloves must always be checked for their suitability for use at the specific workplace (e.g. mechanical and thermal stress, antistatic effects, etc.). The gloves must be replaced immediately at the first signs of wear and tear. We recommend to change single-use protective gloves periodical and a hand care plan in cooperation with a glove manufacturer and the trade association in accordance with the local operating conditions.

Manufacturer e.g. German company KCL, type Dermatril.

Eye protection:
Protective goggles

Skin protection:
Suitable protective clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	gel viscous beige/gold
Odor	floral, aldehyde-like, vanilla
Physical state	liquid
Melting point	Currently under determination
Initial boiling point	Currently under determination
Flammability	Currently under determination
Explosive limits	Currently under determination
Flash point	38 °C (100.4 °F); ISO 3679-83
Auto-ignition temperature	Currently under determination
Decomposition temperature	Currently under determination
pH (20 °C (68 °F))	4,00 - 5,00 pH value::47300
Viscosity (kinematic)	Currently under determination
Viscosity, dynamic (Haake; Instrument: Haake VT 550; 20 °C (68 °F); Rotary measuring system: MV II)	10.500 - 15.500 mPa.s Viscosity (Haake)::65800
Solubility (qualitative) (20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)	Partially soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Currently under determination
Vapour pressure	Currently under determination
Density (20 °C (68 °F))	0,960 - 1,000 g/cm3 Density and Specific Gravity by Digital Density Meter::50000
Relative vapour density:	Currently under determination
Particle characteristics	Currently under determination

9.2. Other information
Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
None if used for intended purpose.

10.2. Chemical stability
None known.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
See section reactivity
None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Keep away from sources of ignition and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials
None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General toxicological information:
The present product is a chemical preparation within the meaning of the chemicals act. The following evaluation has been made on the basis of the toxicological data and content by weight of the individual ingredients.
No information exists about acute toxic, irritative or otherwise harmful effects caused by the product.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	LD50	10.470 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	LD50	699 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified

Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	LC50	124,7 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	LC50	> 22,6 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	LC50	> 6,82 mg/l	dust	4 h	rat	not specified

Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	Category 1C (corrosive)	4 h	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	highly irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	not sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	rabbit	not specified
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative	in vitro mammalian cell micronucleus test	without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 487 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Micronucleus Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative	oral: gavage		rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	not carcinogenic	oral: feed	103 w daily	rat	male/female	not specified

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	NOAEL P >= 1.000 mg/kg NOAEL F1 >= 1.000 mg/kg	one-generation study	oral: feed	rat	OECD Guideline 443 (Extended One-Generation Reproductive Toxicity Study)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	NOAEL P 16 mg/kg NOAEL F1 24 mg/kg	two-generation study	oral: feed	rat	OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	NOAEL > 1.000 mg/kg	oral: gavage	92 d daily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	NOAEL 100 mg/kg	oral: gavage	28 days once daily, 5 times a week	rat	EU Method B.7 (Repeated Dose (28 Days) Toxicity (Oral))
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	NOAEL 113 mg/kg	oral: feed	90 days daily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:
The ecological evaluation of the product is based on data from the raw material and/or comparable substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	LC50	> 12.000 - 16.000 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	LC50	> 1 - 10 mg/l			OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility		Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite stage toxicity test)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	LC50	Toxicity > Water solubility		Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	LC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	48 h	Leuciscus idus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	LC50	0,9 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	LC50	0,7 - 1 mg/l	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	NOEC	0,25 mg/l	30 d	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite stage toxicity test)

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	EC50	> 100 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	EC50	> 1 - 10 mg/l		Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility		Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	EC50	35 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	EC50	0,09 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility		Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Titanium dioxide	NOEC	Toxicity > Water	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202

13463-67-7		solubility			(Daphnia sp. Chronic Immobilisation Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	NOEC	0,0068 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	EC50	> 100 mg/l	24 h	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	EC50	0,08 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	EC10	0,047 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	IC50	> 1.000 mg/l	3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	EC0	> 10 - 100 mg/l			OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC0	Toxicity > Water solubility	24 h	Pseudomonas fluorescens	DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm-Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	EC10	0,4 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm-Test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 70 %	5 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Polyquaternium-37 26161-33-1	not readily biodegradable.	no data	40 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	0 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 310 (Ready BiodegradabilityCO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	2,3 - 2,7 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	75 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	readily biodegradable	aerobic	95 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	5.030	42 d		Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 305 (Bioconcentration: Flow-through Fish Test)
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	> 33 - 160	35 d		Lepomis macrochirus	EPA OPP 165-4 (Laboratory Studies of Pesticide Accumulation in Fish)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	6,598	25,3 °C	OECD Guideline 123 (Partition Coefficient (1-Octanol / Water), Slow-Stirring Method)
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	1,824		not specified
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	3,23		EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	PBT / vPvB
Ethanol denatured 64-17-5	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Octamethyltrisiloxane 107-51-7	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	According to Annex XIII of regulation (EC) 1907/2006 a PBT and vPvB assessment shall not be conducted for inorganic substances.
Polyquaternium-11 is a quaternary ammonium polymer formed by the reaction of diethyl sulfate and a copolymer of vinyl pyrrolidone an 53633-54-8	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Cetrimonium chloride 112-02-7	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:
Consider national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	1266
RID	1266
ADN	1266
IMDG	1266
IATA	1266

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
RID	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
ADN	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
IMDG	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
IATA	Perfumery products

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	3
RID	3
ADN	3
IMDG	3
IATA	3

14.4. Packing group

ADR	III
RID	III
ADN	III
IMDG	III
IATA	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable Tunnelcode: (D/E)
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK:	WGK 2: obviously hazardous to water (Germany. Ordinance on Facilities Handling Substances that are Hazardous to Water, ((AwSV of 21 April 2017), UBA, BAnz AT), as amended) Classification in conformity with the calculation method
Storage class according to TRGS 510:	3

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Further information:
This information is not related to the use of the product, it is based on our current level of knowledge.

ED:	Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties
EU OEL:	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1:	Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2	Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC:	Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria
PBT/vPvB:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria
vPvB:	Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria