

Public Debt Department

State budget borrowing requirements' financing plan and its background

3rd Quarter 2024 July 2024

THE MOST IMPORTANT INFORMATION

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I. MACROECONOMIC SITUATION

Gross domestic product of Poland constant prices, seasonally adjusted data (sa) source: GUS, Eurostat

In the first quarter of 2024, GDP increased by 0.5% (qoq, sa), after stabilizing a quarter earlier. Household consumption increased significantly (by 2.1%), after a decline in the previous quarter. However, investments - after a year and a half of uninterrupted growth - decreased by 3.0% (qoq, sa).



average prices of the previous year (py), yoy source: GUS, MoF own calculation

The annual change in GDP recorded in the first quarter of 2024 (2.0%, py) was higher than that observed in previous quarters. The annual dynamics of private consumption also improved (104.6), supported by a high nominal increase in household disposable income and significantly lower inflation. However, investments decreased on annual basis. Public consumption recorded very high annual dynamics (the effect of high wage growth in the public sector). Net exports had only a slightly positive contribution to GDP growth (0.4 pp), with generally low (annual) dynamics of trade turnover. However, inventories had a significantly negative contribution to GDP growth, although to a lesser extent than in the individual quarters of 2023 (-2.8 percentage points).

Polish gross external debt position percent of GDP

source: NBP, GUS, MoF own calculation

At the end of the first quarter of 2024 gross external debt reached EUR 400.2bn (51.7% of GDP) and was EUR 11.9bn higher than in the previous quarter. The share of general government sector debt in total debt increased to 28.4%. At the end of April 2024 official reserve assets reached EUR 192.4bn and remained broadly adequate, covering nearly 6 months of imports.

Current account balance

percent of GDP, in 12-month terms source: NBP, GUS, MoF own calculation

In April 2024, taking into account new quarterly data, Poland's C/A surplus increased to 1.8% of GDP (in 12-month terms). Yearly imports dynamics for the second month in a row was slightly higher than exports dynamics. In addition both dynamics improved significantly compared to March, which to a large extent was the result of a reversal of calendar effects. Primary income deficit in relation to GDP decreased (monthly deficit in April 2023 was much deeper than this year) but remained the main source of the negative contribution to the external balance. Capital account surplus amounted to 0.7% of GDP increasing positive net lending/net borrowing (2.5% of GDP).

-10.0



goods services primary income secondary income –

IV'22 VI'22 VIII'22 X'22 XII'22 II'23 IV'23 VI'23 VI'1'23 X'23 XII'23 II'24 IV'24

-CAB

I. MACROECONOMIC SITUATION

Harmonised unemployment rate percent, seasonally adjusted data source: Eurostat

The harmonized unemployment rate (sa) amounted to 3.0% in May 2024 and it was at the same level as in the previous month and by 0.2 pp. higher than a year earlier. It was by 0.3 pp. higher than the historically lowest level recorded in January - April 2023. The unemployment rate in Poland is currently clearly lower than the average in the EU-27 and the euro area (6.0% and 6.4%, respectively). In May 2024, among the EU countries, it was lower than in Poland only in Czechia.

Monthly indicators of the real sector sold production in constant prices, non-seasonally adjusted (nsa)

source: Eurostat, GUS, MoF own calculation

In May 2024 industrial production i.a. due to a lower number of working days was 1.7% lower than a year ago (nsa). The data were below market expectations. Construction production was by 6.5% (nsa) lower than a year ago. The data were below market expectations. Retail sales was by 5.0% (nsa) higher than a year ago. The data were close to market expectations.

Inflation

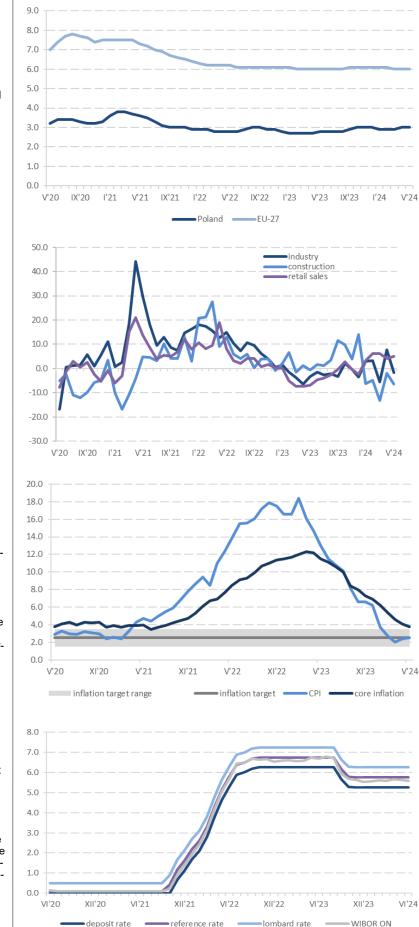
percent, yoy source: GUS, NBP

In May 2024 CPI inflation rate increased to 2.5% (yoy) reaching the NBP inflation target. The annual rate of food and non-alcoholic beverages prices amounted to 1.6% and energy prices were at the previous year's level (0,0% yoy). Core inflation decreased again to 3.8%. According to preliminary data in June CPI rate increase to 2.6%. In May producer prices were lower than a year before by 7.0%. The very low annual dynamics is related to the statistical base effect as well as the former drop of commodity prices on international markets and the strengthening of the zloty.

NBP interest rates

percent, end of period source: NBP, Refinitiv

In June 2024, the Monetary Policy Council left NBP interest rates unchanged for the eight month in a row. Reference rate was kept at 5.75%, lombard rate at 6.25%, while the deposit rate remained at 5.25%. The Council stated that the decision was driven by uncertainty as to inflation, related in particular to the impact of fiscal and regulatory policies on price developments, as well as the pace of economic recovery in Poland and labour market conditions.



II. STATISTICAL DATA

	Unit	2022 Q04	2023 Q01	Q02	Q03	Q04	202 Q0
DP		Q04	QUI	QUZ	QUS	Q04	QU
Gross domestic product	YoY	2.8	-0.4	-0.6	0.5	1.0	2.
	QoQ SA	-1.5	0.8	-0.2	1.1	0.0	0.
Final consumption expenditure of the households sector	YoY QoQ SA	1.2 -0.3	-1.8 -1.3	-2.9 0.6	0.8 2.0	0.0 -0.7	4. 2.
Final consumption expenditure of the general government sector	YoY	-6.0	-1.1	1.1	2.0	-0.7	10.
	QoQ SA	-7.5	7.5	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.
Gross fixed capital formation	YoY	4.9	6.0	16.5	11.3	15.8	-1.
	QoQ SA	0.7	6.4	2.5	0.4	2.8	-3.
Exports of goods and services	YoY	4.5	6.0	-0.6	4.5	3.6	0.
	QoQ SA	-0.3	1.9	-2.8	6.0	-1.1	-1.
Imports of goods and services	YoY	1.6	-1.0	-3.5	-2.9	-0.5	-0
Gross value added	QoQ SA YoY	-1.8 3.4	-1.4	-1.1 1.0	1.2	0.4	-0
Gross value added	QoQ SA	-2.1	1.4	0.2	1.1	0.3	1
Contribution to GDP growth							
Final consumption expenditure of the households sector	рр	0.6	-1.1	-1.7	0.5	0.0	2
Final consumption expenditure of the general government sector	pp	-1.1	-0.2	0.2	0.4	1.4	1
Gross fixed capital formation	pp	1.0	0.8	2.3	1.8	3.6	-0
Changes in inventories	pp	0.7	-4.3	-3.3	-6.7	-6.4	-2
Balance of trade turnover	pp	1.6	4.4	1.9	4.5	2.4	0
Gross value added	pp	2.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.6	1
GDP structure							
Final consumption expenditure of the households sector	% of GDP	50.4	60.0	57.4	58.8	49.7	61
Final consumption expenditure of the general government sector	% of GDP	19.2	17.1	18.3	18.4	20.4	19
Gross fixed capital formation	% of GDP	21.9	12.9	15.8	16.8	24.4	12
Changes in inventories	% of GDP	6.0	2.2	0.2	-0.9	-0.2	-0
Exports of goods and services	% of GDP	59.5	64.3	60.6	55.4	52.1	55
Imports of goods and services	% of GDP	57.9	57.5	53.2	49.7	47.3	49
	Unit	2023	2024				
	Unit	M12	M01	M02	M03	M04	M
Balance of payments							
Goods: exports (EUR)	YoY	-6.2	-3.3	1.8	-8.5	5.5	
Goods: imports (EUR)	YoY	-10.6	-4.6	1.7	-7.6	5.7	
Current account balance ¹⁾	% of GDP	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	
Balance on goods ¹⁾	% of GDP	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	404.000
Official Reserve Assets	EUR m	175 402.9	175 161.1	173 252.8	187 795.6	192 399.8	191 803
nflation							
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	YoY	6.2	3.7	2.8	2.0	2.4	2
Core inflation (CPI excluding food and energy prices)	YoY	6.9	6.2	5.4	4.6	4.1	3
Producer Price Index (PPI)	YoY	-6.9	-10.6	-10.0	-9.9	-8.5	-7
roduction							
Sold production of industry ²⁾	YoY	-3.5	2.9	3.3	-5.6	7.8	-1
2 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	MoM SA	0.5	0.6	-0.2	-5.2	6.3	-2
Construction and assembly production ²⁾	YoY	14.0	-6.2	-4.9	-13.3	-2.0	-6
Manufacturing PMI	MoM SA SA	14.5 47.4	-16.2 47.1	0.9 47.9	-3.7 48.0	2.3 45.9	45
	SA	47.4	47.1	47.9	40.0	40.9	40
louseholds and labour market							
Retail sales ²	YoY	-2.3	3.2	6.1	6.1	4.1	Ę
Average paid employment in enterprise sector	YoY	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-(
Average paid employment in enterprise sector	MoM	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-(
Average monthly gross wages and salaries in enterprise sector (real)	YoY	3.2	8.8	9.9	9.8	8.7	-0
	MoM	4.6	-3.7	2.4	5.2	-2.7	-3
Harmonised unemployment rate (Eurostat)	%, SA	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3
1) Data in 12-month terms 2) Constant prices. Data for units in which the number of employed persons exceeds 9 persons							
Source: Statistics Poland, NBP, Eurostat, S&P Global, MoF calculation based on NBP, Statistics Poland	d data						
		2023			2024		
	Unit	M11	M12	M01	M02	M03	M
state Treasury debt							
State Treasury debt (acc. to the place of issue criterion)	face value, PLN m					1 430 341.8	
Domestic debt	face value, PLN m		1 042 416.7		1 081 179.6	1 097 764.9	1 096 300
Foreign debt	% face value, PLN m	78.4 283 062.7	77.4 303 782.7	77.7 303 764.6	78.2 301 838.4	76.7 332 576.9	75 349 247
Toreign debt	%	203 002.7	22.6	22.3	21.8	23.3	24
	70			22.0	20	20.0	
	Unit	2022	2023	000	000	-	20
Public debt (domestic definition)		Q04	Q01	Q02	Q03	Q04	(
Public debt (domestic definition) Public debt (acc. to the place of issue criterion)	face value, PLN m	1 209 497 9	1 200 817 2	1 241 612 6	1 275 306 2	1 328 087 6	1 416 010
Domestic debt	face value, PLN m	896 575.4	898 137.2	925 382.1	954 964.4	998 763.1	1 058 968
	race value, PLN m	74.1	74.2	925 382.1	954 964.4 74.9	998 763.1	1 058 968
Foreign debt	face value, PLN m	312 922.5	311 679.9	316 230.5	320 341.8	329 324.5	357 950
			25.8	25.5	25.1	24.8	25
	%	25.9	20.0				
	%	25.9	20.0	20.0	20.1	2.10	
Seneral Government debt (EU definition) General Government debt	% face value, PLN m						

III. BACKGROUND OF BORROWING REQUIREMENTS' FINANCING



Gross borrowing requirements in 2024 as of June 30, 2024, PLN bn

Financing of the State budget borrowing requirements at the level of 75% (acc. to the Budget Act) was a result of:

- T-bond sale on domestic market: PLN 131.7bn,
- switch auctions in 2024: PLN 26.5bn,
- T-bond sale on foreign markets: PLN 47.2bn, . loans incurred from European Union (RRF): PLN 15.5bn,
- loans incurred from IFIs: PLN 0.3bn,
- switch auctions in 2023: PLN 29,4bn,
- and higher financial resources at the end of 2023: PLN 87.3bn.

Outflows of funds related to domestic marketable T-securities transfers in July

plan as of June 30, 2024, PLN bn

Value of funds transferred from the State budget to the market in July shall amount to PLN 19.3bn, of which:

- TS redemptions: PLN 10.7bn,
- interest payments: PLN 8.7bn.



As of June 30 2024, to the end of the 2024 year the funds to be transferred to the market shall amount to PLN 63.6bn.

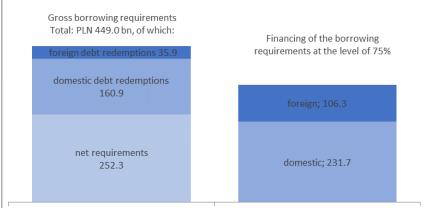
*figures include sale, redemptions and interest payments on wholesale T-securities; monthly financing plans will depend on market situation and feedback from investors thus the detailed schedule of monthly flows to budget in the following months is not presented

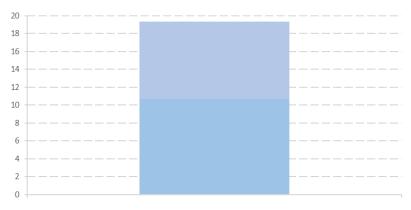
State Treasury debt redemptions in 2024

as at the end of month, nominal amount, PLN bn

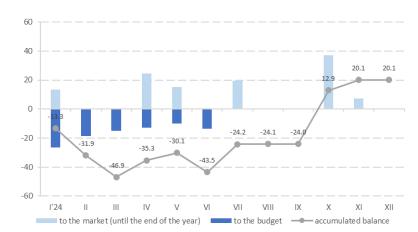
The nominal amount of debt to be redeemed in 2024 (as of June 30, 2024), is equal to PLN 70.0bn, including:

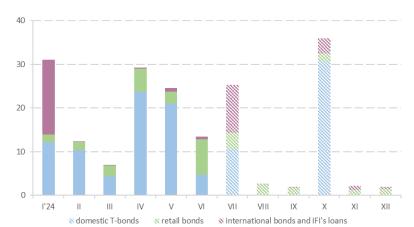
- T-bonds: PLN 41.4bn,
- T-retail bonds: PLN 12.3bn, ٠
- bonds and loans incurred on foreign mar-. kets: PLN 16.3bn.





redemptions interest







III. BACKGROUND OF BORROWING REQUIREMENTS' FINANCING

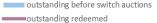
Reducing refinancing risk connected with redemptions of domestic TS maturing in 2024

as of June 30, 2024, nominal amount, PLN bn

Buy-back of T-bonds maturing in 2024 and in 2025 (by switch):

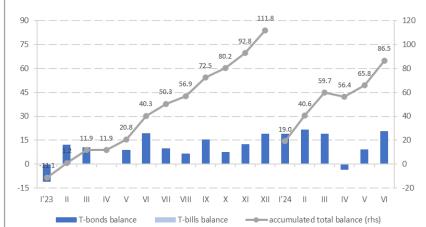
- WZ0124: PLN 11.3bn (48% of the issuance),
- PS0424: PLN 13.1bn (41% of the issuance),
- WZ0524: PLN 18.9bn (74% of the issuance),
- OK0724: PLN 7.7bn (42% of the issuance),
- PS1024: PLN 6.0bn (16% of the issuance),
- PS0425: PLN 4.2bn (14% of the issuance),
- WZ0525: PLN 7.2bn (24% of the issuance).

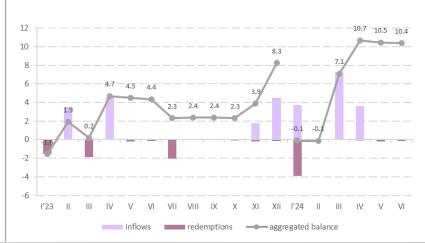




currently outstanding to be redeemed







Sale of domestic TS in 2023 and 2024 settlement date, nominal amount, PLN bn

In the period of I-VI 2024 aggregated total sale of T-bonds amounted to PLN 178.4bn versus PLN 96.1bn in the same period of 2023. T-bills were not sold.

Balance of domestic TS in 2023 and 2024

settlement date, nominal amount, PLN bn

In the period of I-VI 2024 indebtedness in:

- T-bonds increased to PLN 86.5bn versus increased of PLN 40.3bn in the same period of 2023.
- no indebtedness in T-bills.

The figures also include the amounts of T-bonds issued and transferred by the Minister of Finance on the basis of other acts than the Public Finance Act.

External financing in 2023 and 2024

bonds issued on foreign markets and loans received from IFIs, settlement date, EUR bn

Net financing on foreign markets in the period of I-VI 2024 was positive and amounted to EUR 10.4bn, which resulted from:

- positive balance of T-bonds issuance of EUR 7.1bn,
- negative balance of loans incurred from IFIs at the level of EUR 0.4bn,
- positive balance of loans incurred from European Union (RRF) at the level of EUR 3.6bn.



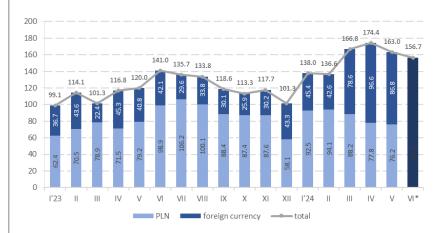
Funds in PLN and foreign currency on the budgetary accounts at the end of month

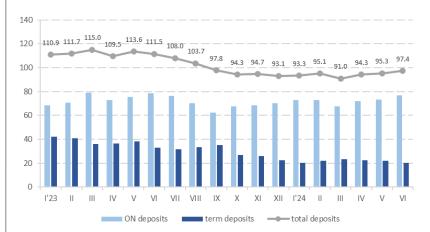
funds financing the borrowing needs, PLN bn At the end of June 2024 there was the equivalent of PLN 156.7bn on the budgetary accounts. The funds ensure liquidity in borrowing needs financing.

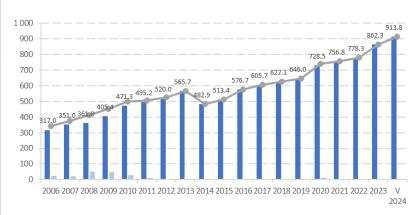
* Estimated data.

Consolidation of public finance sector liquidity management PLN bn

At the end of June 2024 funds accumulated within the consolidation of public finances liquidity management amounted to PLN 97.4bn, of which PLN 20.5bn was as term deposits and PLN 76.9bn on ON deposits.











Structure of domestic marketable debt PLN bn

At the end of May 2024 the marketable domestic debt after consolidation within the State Treasury amounted to PLN 913.8bn comparing to PLN 862.3bn at the end of 2023.

Average maturity

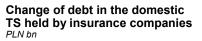
years

At the end of June 2024 the average maturity of domestic debt amounted to 4.21 years (while at the end of 2023 it was 4.08 years). The average of total debt amounted to 5.86 years (5.25 years at the end of 2023).

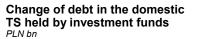


Change of debt in the domestic TS held by banks PLN bn

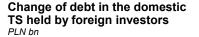
In the period of I-V 2024 there was an increase of debt by PLN 46.3bn comparing to PLN 14.8bn increase during the same period of 2023. Banks' holdings reached the level of PLN 540.1bn.



In the period of I-V 2024 there was a decrease of debt by PLN 0.1bn comparing to PLN 1.7bn increase during the same period of 2023. Insurance companies' holdings reached the level of PLN 64.4bn.



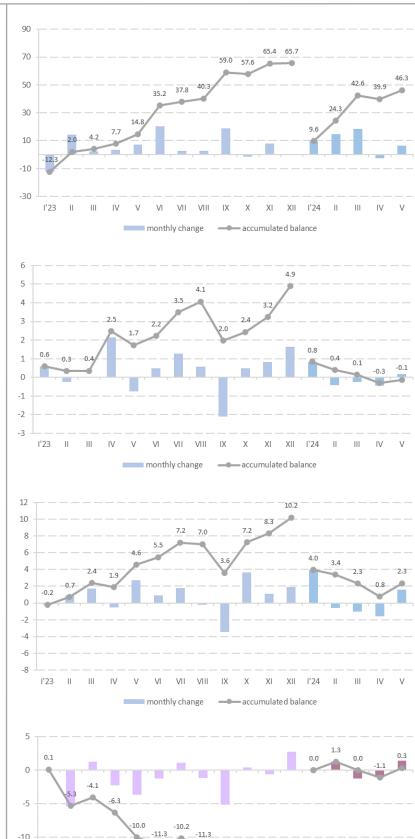
In the period of I-V 2024 there was an increase of debt by PLN 2.3bn comparing to PLN 4.6bn increase during the same period of 2023. Investment funds' holdings reached the level of PLN 59.6bn.



In the period of I-V 2024 there was an increase of debt by PLN 0.3bn comparing to PLN 10.0bn decrease during the same period of 2023. Foreign investors' holdings reached the level of PLN 132.5bn.

-20

1'23 || ||| IV V VI VII VIII IX



monthly change

-14.0

XII I'24

II III IV V

.5 -16.1 -16.7

Х

XI

-accumulated balance

III. BACKGROUND OF BORROWING REQUIREMENTS' FINANCING

Geographical distribution of the domestic TS held by non-residents as of May 31, 2024, the chart presents data excluding omnibus accounts

The non-residents' share in the domestic Treasury securities market increased by PLN 1.4bn in May 2024. The foreign investors' portfolio amounted to PLN 132.5bn, which constituted 12.7% share in total debt in TS (same as 12.7% in the previous month).

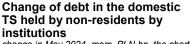
Change of debt in the domestic TS held by non-residents by regions

change in May 2024, mom, PLN bn, the chart presents data excluding omnibus accounts

In May 2024 the highest increase was noted by investors from North America (PLN 0.3bn). The highest decrease was noted by investors from Asia (excl. Middle East) (PLN 0.1bn).

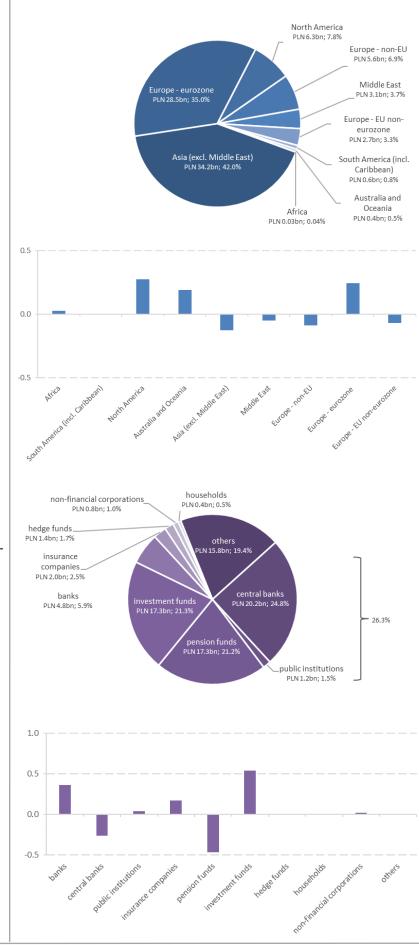
Institutional distribution of the domestic TS held by non-residents as of May 30, 2024, the chart presents data excluding omnibus accounts

Institutional structure of domestic TS held by non-residents, as well as geographical distribution, is well-diversified. The central banks and public institutions' share in foreign holdings amounted to 26.3% at the end of May 2024.



change in May 2024, mom, PLN bn, the chart presents data excluding omnibus accounts

In May 2024 the highest increase was recorded by investments funds (PLN 0.5bn), while the highest decrease was noted by pension funds (PLN 0.5bn).





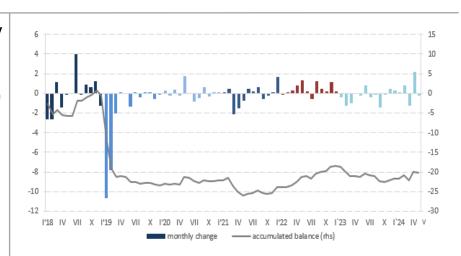
Change of debt in domestic TS held by non-resident central banks and public institutions change in May 2024, PLN bn

Central banks and public institutions' involvement decreased by PLN 0.2bn in May 2024. In the period from the end of January 2018 to the end of May 2024 portfolios of those entities decreased by PLN 20.1bn.



as of May 31, 2024, excluding omnibus accounts and central banks, countries with more than 1% share

Comment



Countries	Outstanding in nominal value (PLN m)	Share in non-residents holdings
Japan	14 431.0	23.6%
Luxembourg	9 847.4	16.1%
Netherlands	8 783.1	14.4%
United States	5 701.1	9.3%
Germany	4 381.1	7.2%
United Kingdom	3 229.3	5.3%
Ireland	3 100.9	5.1%
Switzerland	1 832.8	3.0%
France	1 474.2	2.4%
Denmark	870.8	1.4%
Singapore	844.3	1.4%
Czech Republic	808.8	1.3%
Bulgaria	698.4	1.1%
Others	5 200.1	8.5%
Total	61 203.3	100.0%

Jurand Drop, Undersecretary of State, MoF 30-06-2024

At the end of June, financing of the State budget borrowing requirements was at the level of 75%, We estimate there was the equivalent of ca. PLN 150.0bn on the budgetary accounts at the end of a month.

Two sales auctions and one switching auction are planned in July. No Treasury bill auctions are planned.

In May 2024, the indebtness in Treasury securities on the domestic market increased by PLN 9.4bn. The involvement of domestic banks increased by PLN 6.4bn and domestic non-bank investors increased by PLN 1.6bn, while foreign investors indebtness increased by PLN 1.4bn.



General assumptions	 T-bond auctions are planned according to the announced yearly issuance calen dar, offer of T-bonds on the domestic market will depend on the budget and market situation as well as the consultations with investors, auctions of Treasury bills will be held within the confines of the State budge liquidity management, foreign financing will be determined by the situation on the international financia market and the domestic market as well as by budget conditions, the announced plan may be modified subject to the market situation.
Offer of T-bonds on the domestic market	 sale auctions: five auctions, total supply PLN 25.0-45.0 bn, the structure of the sold T-bonds w be subject to the market situation, switch auctions: three auctions - securities offered to repurchase will be T-bonds maturing in 202 and in 2025.
Offer of T-bills	Detailed information on the offer of T-bills will be presented in the monthly issu ance plans.
Foreign financing	• possible loans from International Financial Institutions up to EUR 0.4 bn.



V. SUPPLY PLAN OF TREASURY SECURITIES IN JUNE 2024

	Auction date	Settlement date	Seri	ies	Planned offer (PLN m)*	
T-bond sale auctions	23 July 2024	25 July 2024	OK0426 / I WZ1129 /DS10 possible ot		5,000-10,000	
	29 July 2024	31 July 2024	OK0426 / I WZ1129 /DS10 possible ot		4,000-8,000	
	*The final offer and the supply sultations with investors. After the auction bonds will be			-	e market situation and con-	
T-bond switching auction	Auction date / settlement date	Settlement T-bond	ls Source T-bonds		Outstanding (PLN m)	
			P	S1024	30,748	
	10 July 2024 / 12 July 2024	OK0426 / PS0729 / WZ1129 / DS1034 / IZ08		S0425	25,728	
		possible other T-bond		Z0525	23,243	
T-bill auctions	Sale auctions of Treas	ury bills are not plann	ed.			
	Sale auctions of Treas		ed. e price	(Coupon	
		lssuc			Coupon red: 3.00%	
	T-bond OTS1024	100.0 (100.00 PLN 100.0	e price	Fix	ed: 3.00%	
	T-bond OTS1024 3-month ROR0725	Issue 100.0 (100.00 PLN (99.90 PLN f 100.0	9 price 00 PLN for rolling-over) 00 PLN	Fix Floating (NBP r 5.95% in the Floating (NBP r	ed: 3.00% eference rate + 0.00%); e first coupon period	
	T-bond OTS1024 3-month ROR0725 1-year DOR0726	Issue 100.0 (100.00 PLN) 100.0 (99.90 PLN) 100.0 (99.85 PLN) 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	o price 00 PLN for rolling-over) 00 PLN or rolling-over) 00 PLN	Fix Floating (NBP ro 5.95% in the Floating (NBP ro 6.15% in the	ed: 3.00% eference rate + 0.00%); first coupon period eference rate + 0.35%);	
	T-bond OTS1024 3-month ROR0725 1-year DOR0726 2-year TOS0727	Issue 100.0 (100.00 PLN (09.90 PLN (09.85 PLN (09.80 PLN 100.0 (99.80 PLN 100.0 (100.	29 price 20 PLN for rolling-over) 20 PLN or rolling-over) 20 PLN or rolling-over) 20 PLN 20 PLN	Fix Floating (NBP rr 5.95% in the Floating (NBP rr 6.15% in the Fix Floating (infl	ed: 3.00% eference rate + 0.00%); first coupon period eference rate + 0.35%); first coupon period	
	T-bondOTS1024 3-monthROR0725 1-yearDOR0726 2-yearTOS0727 3-yearCOI0728	Issue 100.0 (100.00 PLN (09.90 PLN f 100.0 (99.85 PLN f 100.0 (99.80 PLN f 100.0 (99.80 PLN f 100.0 (99.70 PLN f 100.0 (99.70 PLN f 100.0	9 price 00 PLN for rolling-over) 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN 00 PLN	Fix Floating (NBP rr 5.95% in the Floating (NBP rr 6.15% in the Fix Floating (infl 6.55% in the Floating (infl	ed: 3.00% eference rate + 0.00%); efirst coupon period eference rate + 0.35%); efirst coupon period ed: 6.20% ation rate + 1.50%);	
T-bill auctions Offer on the retail market	T-bondOTS1024 3-monthROR0725 1-yearDOR0726 2-yearTOS0727 3-yearCOl0728 4-yearED00734	Issue (100.00 PLN (100.00 PLN (99.90 PLN (99.85 PLN (99.80 PLN (99.80 PLN (99.70 PLN (99.60 PLN (99.60 PLN	Price O PLN for rolling-over) O PLN or rolling-over)	Fix Floating (NBP rr 5.95% in the Floating (NBP rr 6.15% in the Fix Floating (infl 6.55% in the Floating (infl 6.80% in the Floating (infl	ed: 3.00% efference rate + 0.00%); effrst coupon period eference rate + 0.35%); effrst coupon period ed: 6.20% ation rate + 1.50%); effrst coupon period ation rate + 2.00%);	