

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

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Unofficial Translation

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs (Protocol Department) presents its compliments to the Embassy of Poland, and has the honour to inform that, with reference to the note of the embassy of Poland No. 140 dated on 22/11/2010 on the health of plant in the State of Qatar, is pleased the ministry to enclose herein the procedures and requirements relating to plant health of the law of quarantine No. 24 of 2005 and its executive regulations and decisions of this list. note that the Department of Plant Protection of the Department of Agricultural Affairs in the Ministry of Environment is on the application of this Procedures

The Ministry (Protocol Department) avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Embassy of Poland the assurance of its highest consideration.

To : the Embassy of Poland

LAW NO. 24 FOR 2005

We Tamim bin Hamad Al Thani, Deputy Governor of the State of Qatar, after perusal of the Amended Provisional Constitution, and in particular Articles 22, 23, 34 and 51 thereof, and Law No. 12 of 1981 concerning Agricultural Quarantine, as amended by Law No. 6 of 1996, and the law No. 3 of 1983, the organization of occupations of Pharmacy, brokers, agents, factories and pharmaceutical companies, as amended, and Decree Law No. 20 of 1993 regulating the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture, and set the terms of reference, as amended by Decree Law No. 27 of 1995, Law No. 2 of 1999 concerning the fight against fraud commercial transactions and Legislative Decree No. 17 of 2001 establishing the Public Authority for Customs and Ports, Customs Law, promulgated by Law No. 40 of 2002

And the decision of the Supreme Council for the Cooperation Council for Gulf Arab states issued at its twenty-second city of Muscat in the period from 30 to 31.12.2001 the adoption of the model or the law of quarantine for the Cooperation Council for the Arab Gulf States, and the proposal of the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture and the draft law presented by the Council of Ministers, after consulting the Shura Council decided the following law: -

Qatar Quarantine Act (24/2005)

Number of items: 32

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1 - Article 1 Definitions (1-1)

Article 1

In the application of the provisions of this Law, the following words and expressions have the meanings assigned to them unless the context otherwise requires:

1 - GCC: Cooperation Council for the Arab Gulf States.

2 - The Ministry: The Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture.

- 3 - The Minister: The Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture.**
- 4 - Competent Department: The Department of Agricultural Development Ministry.**
- 5 - entry point: air or sea ports or land border points, Ltd. as an entry point for trucks and passenger**
- 6 - Inspector: The employee is authorized to act as legal officers in accordance with the provisions of this law.**
- 7 - charge (L): the amount of plants or plant products, and any other materials are subject to phytosanitary regulations, passed from one country to another and covered by a phytosanitary certificate and one.**
- 8 - Plants: Live plants or parts thereof, including seeds and genetic material.**
- 9 - Plant products: non-manufactured material of plant origin and processed materials, can form, because of their nature or method of processing, risk of introduction and spread of pests in the State.**
- 10 - a substance subject to phytosanitary regulations: any object or material that could harbor pests.**
- 11 - scourge: any species, strain or biotype of plant species, animal or pathogenic agent, injurious to plants or plant products.**
- 12 - a quarantine pest: pest of the risks of economic potential of the area at risk but does not yet exist in this region, or where there is but it is not spread widely, and are subject to control, and is referred to in the list (1) attached to this law.**
- 13 - the scourge of non-quarantine regulations: the scourge have a presence in plants for planting an impact on the intended use of plants with an economic impact is acceptable, and as a result was subject to the regulations, referred to in the list (2) annexed to this law.**
- 14 - the scourge of regulated: a quarantine pest and any regulated not subject to quarantine.**
- 15 - beneficial organisms: any object, including fungi, bacteria, viruses and viroids organisms and invertebrates, which shall be determined by decision of the Minister objects beneficial to plant life or for agricultural production in the country.**
- 16 - storage areas: the place or keep the remaining plants or plant products or beneficial organisms or substances of phytosanitary regulations.**
- 17 - container: box or bag or other, which can be plants or plant products and which can carry plant pests during or after the transfer.**
- 18 - means of transport: any vessel, aircraft or train or vehicle or a vehicle or container carried by hand or animal or anything that moves plants or plant products or substances regulated or plant pests or beneficial organisms or soil from one place to another.**
- 19 - Importer: any natural person or legal entity, whether owner or charger or charged, or any, agent or broker or any other person who owns or has the right to own any of the plants or plant products or substances regulated or plant pests or beneficial organisms or soil materials or packaging or on the way up to the arrival of another country.**
- 20 - Packing Material: Any material used for packaging or containing plants or plant products or beneficial organisms, soil or plant pests.**
- 21 - Soil: The material extracted in whole or in part from the top layer of the earth's crust, which can feed the plant.**

22 - Survey: A procedure to determine the characteristics of the lesions or to determine the species that appear in the region.

23 - control: a formal process for collecting and recording data on the presence or absence of lesion via surveys or monitoring or any other actions.

24 - phytosanitary certificate: Certificate modeled after the model certificates of the International Convention for the protection of the plant.

25 - address: Perform an officially licensed to kill pests or removed or sterilized.

26 - Eradication: the application of phytosanitary measures to get rid of the scourge in the region.

27 - Agricultural land: farms and gardens, forests and pastures grown in any place by the plants.

28 --transit shipment: A shipment reaches the state and destination to another state without broken down into smaller units, or change its container.

29 - the quarantine area: a region with the scourge of under quarantine being within combat this scourge officially.

30 - stone post-entry: the stone is applied to the shipment after its entry.

31 - Pest risk analysis: The process of assessment of vital evidence or other economic process and to determine the degree of subordination of the scourge of certain agricultural quarantine and to determine the degree of phytosanitary measures should be taken against them.

32 - phytosanitary measures: any legislation or regulations or formal procedures designed to prevent the introduction or spread of pests.

33 - containment: the application of phytosanitary measures in and around the affected area to prevent the spread of a pest.

2 - Article 2

(2-2)

Article 2

Does not allow any shipment to enter the country from outside the GCC countries, except under an import license, and a phytosanitary certificate issued by the competent authority in the exporting country.

Competent management and the right to determine the conditions of the phytosanitary certificate which should be fulfilled before the shipment leaves the exporting country, and have the right to cancel these requirements for some materials at the level of risk associated with it.

3 - Article 3

(3-3)

Article 3

Each person who enters the State from outside the GCC countries, accompanied by material subject to phytosanitary regulations, disclosure for customs officers at points of entry, customs officers on the

reservation of these materials when necessary, and to inform the competent authority to do so.

Is not to release any of the materials that have been impounded without the consent of the competent department.

4 - Article 4

(4-4)

Article 4

Traveler may be exempt from the provision of phytosanitary certificate, if accompanied by plants or plant products are imported, not intended for cultivation or breeding.

5 - Article 5

(5-5)

Article 5

The competent department of the following tasks:

1 - regulating the export of plants and their products and beneficial organisms and materials subject to phytosanitary regulations to meet the requirements of importing countries in accordance with international conventions.

2 - regulate the import of plants and their products and beneficial organisms and materials subject to phytosanitary regulations.

3 - Statement of quarantine pests and non-quarantine pests are subject to phytosanitary regulations to be included lists (1), (2) annexed to this law.

4 - to prevent the entry or spread of quarantine pests or transmission from outside the country through the importation of plants and their products and beneficial organisms and materials subject to phytosanitary regulations.

5 - the application of the stone after the entry as necessary.

6 - pest risk analysis.

7 - pest control operations in the state.

8 - preparation and organization of training programs, seminars, conferences and workshops periodically to review the status of pests and guidance and community awareness of the importance of plant health through various media.

9 - the preparation of a guide with regard to import and export of plants and their products and beneficial organisms and materials subject to the regulations, whether for business or scientific research.

10 - reporting on agricultural pests and in accordance with the International Convention for kids.

11 - the dissemination of information about regulated pests and how to prevent entry and spread and

control.

12 - version of the phytosanitary certificate.

13 - conduct periodic reviews of legislation or regulations or formal procedures aimed at harmonization of phytosanitary measures to prevent the entry or spread of pests.

14 - Coordination and cooperation with international organizations and regional and local authorities competent plant protection for the latest developments in the field of plant health.

15 - the recommendation to establish quarantine stations as needed.

16 - to recommend any site as a stone.

6 - Article 6

(6-6)

Article 6

The Inspector of the following tasks:

1 - Inspection of agricultural land, plants and their products and beneficial organisms and materials subject to phytosanitary regulations, stored or in transit, for the purpose of reporting the presence or outbreak or spread of regulated pests.

2 - to inspect cargo and beneficial organisms, imported or intended for export.

3 - the request processing imported or exported cargo, containers and packaging materials, storage areas and means of transport.

4 - Ensure the safe disposal of waste from all means of transport to the next state and the processing plant or plant products imported washing.

7 - Article 7

(7-7)

Article 7

The Inspector who is suspected to contain the container, or conveyance within the State of the scourge subject to the regulations, the following actions:

1 - stop the container or the means of transport, inspect, and detain any plants or plant products or objects useful or soil or anything that could be infected or suspected of having a pest subject to the regulations, and liberalization of minutes to set and raise the official report to the competent department in accordance with the procedures issued by a decision of the Minister.

2 - command execution or processing or disposal of the cargo or anything that has been in custody if necessary, after the approval of the Minister.

In the case of the inability of the cargo owner to do a treatment mentioned refer the matter to the competent department and have the authority to address them, if possible, or destroyed at the expense of the owner of the shipment.

3 - make sure of clearing any means of transport began its journey, or passed to the areas affected by the scourge are subject to the regulations, if the method was vulnerable to the possibility of introduction and spread of a quarantine pest.

4 - Download the shipment costs and responsibilities for any action taken.

5 - the use of security and customs authorities if the need arises.

8 - Article 8

(8-8)

Article 8

Consignments must be accompanied by imported honey bee health certificate certified by the competent authorities of the country exporting the consignment, to prove they are free from all pests of bees.

9 - Article 9

(9-9)

Article 9

The importer must disclose the shipment and beneficial organisms, to inspect upon arrival to the point of entry.

10 - Article 10

(10-10)

Article 10

Subject to the shipment and beneficial organisms imported for inspection at the point of entry, or any other party specified by the Minister provided that the container is sealed and labeled data in the form determined by the executive regulations of this law.

And will be inspected during the hours of official duty, except in cases where the shipment is transient or of perishable materials, may at the request of the importer to the competent officer searched the shipment at any time after the collection of additional fees prescribed by the Regulations of this law.

11 - Article 11

(11-11)

Article 11

If found during the inspection of imported materials that pose a threat to enter or spread of an agricultural pest, or they did not meet the requirements of this law, the competent authority may notify the importer in writing to place these materials within a week to one of the following actions:

1 - treatment to eliminate the risks.

2 - re-imported materials to their source.

3 - the execution of material in the manner set forth in the notice after the approval of the Minister.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the competent authority may after approval of the Minister execution of imported materials, without notice, if necessary, necessitated executed promptly, or if it was clear that the notice is not practical, or if the importer did not agree on re-exported or processed.

In all cases, the importer shall bear all costs and liabilities arising from the implementation, including costs of unloading, loading and transport to the point of entry and the cost of re-export or treatment or punishment.

And determine the executive regulations of this law, the costs of processing shipments.

12 - Article 12

(12-12)

Article 12

In the absence of means of addressing shipments at points of entry, imported cargo is transferred to the nearest point of entry are available the means necessary for treatment, and that at his own expense under the supervision of the competent department.

13 - Article 13

(13-13)

Article 13

Banning the import of sand or dust or organic fertilizers untreated and non-sterile.

14 - Article 14

(14-14)

Article 14

Materials on a temporary basis in the state, including the territorial waters, and prohibited or restricted goods under this Act, subject to the provisions of the Regulations of this law.

15 - Article 15

(15-15)

Article 15

You must be transit shipment, accompanied by a certificate of plant health.

If it is determined to contain the scourge that threatens the shipment of agricultural land shall be subject to the provisions of this law.

16 - Article 16 (16-16)

Article 16

The inspector in the case of a transit shipment threaten the introduction and spread of an agricultural pest, to request from the importer at his own expense packaging shipment so as to prevent leakage of the lesion during transit to the border.

Nor should it be the shipment in the port more than three days, and the competent department to extend this period if necessary.

In all cases, you must leave the territory of the State-transit shipment of the road selected for the transfer of the shipment within one week from the date of entry.

May not open or change the packaging materials in transit or re-packaged for transit through the territory of the State.

17 - Article 17 (17-17)

Article 17

Anyone wishing to export or re-export the shipment meets the requirements of the importing country, must apply to the competent department for a phytosanitary certificate.

18 - Article 18 (18-18)

Article 18

The shipment must be placed tightly in exporting packaging materials for export-finals.

It is the source of your export inspection costs prescribed by the Regulations of this law.

May not open source packages intended for export or parts of them after approval of the export.

19 - Article 19 (19-19)

Article 19

Shipment is exported within a week from the date of issuance of the phytosanitary certificate.

The inspector may extend this period for other similar by type of shipment, and storage conditions and transport requirements.

20 - Article 20

(20-20)

Article 20

The Minister, in the case of a suspected the existence of a quarantine pest in agricultural land or in storage sites or anywhere else, take the following actions:

1 - Declaration of the stone and to notify the owner, lessee or occupant of agricultural land and the owners and tenants of land and real estate adjacent to a written action it deems appropriate in their land to eradicate, contain or prevent the spread of the pest plant or the application of phytosanitary measures in and around the affected area.

In the case of non-implementation of the persons referred to, the actions required of them the Administration in charge of implementing these procedures at their own expense.

2 - To prevent or limit the movement of persons, animals, transportation, or any material to or from the quarantine area.

21 - Article 21

(21-21)

Article 21

Shall be determined by regions of quarantine decision of the Minister, upon the proposal of the competent department.

22 - Article 22

(22-22)

Article 22

To the competent department to conduct a periodic review of the status of any of the areas of quarantine to make sure of the following:

1 - the disappearance of the lesion, which necessitated the development of the region under quarantine.

2 - no need to continue to develop the affected area wholly or partly under the stone.

Are to report to the Minister on the lifting of quarantine and notify the parties concerned to do so.

23 - Article 23

(23-23)

Article 23

When leakage of any quarantine pest into the State, the Department is competent to take the necessary

measures to eradicate and prevent its spread to other countries threatened and the Ministry will inform the Secretariat of the Cooperation Council for Gulf Arab states to take such measures, as well as in the case of the adjournment.

24 - Article 24 (24-24)

Article 24

The Minister to take immediate action in cases where problems arise or unexpected emergency may threaten the health of the plant significantly, and is modified or termination of the actions taken immediately after the threat or reduce it.

25 - Article 25 (25-25)

Article 25

To the Minister on the recommendation of the competent authority, to decide the following:

1 - select certain sites as centers of stone for the development of plants and plant products and beneficial organisms under surveillance, research, inspection and testing, and the reservation, and re-shipping, and execution.

2 - to maintain the plants or plant products or beneficial organisms in any center stone or any specific location of the competent department for the period as it deems appropriate.

26 - Article 26 (26-26)

Article 26

The Minister for the protection of plant material or environmental in the State, to take one of the following:

1 - prevention or reduction of import, or sale, or cultivation, or multiplication, or transfer any of the plants or plant products Owalavat plant or beneficial organisms, soil or any of the things that can contain an agricultural pest or help to spread.

2 - allow the import of plants or plant products or plant pests or beneficial organisms or other things for the purposes of scientific research and testing in accordance with the terms and conditions necessary to maintain public health, agricultural and environmental conditions in the state, determined by the executive regulations of this law.

27 - Article 27 (27-27)

Article 27

Prohibits any person to perform the following actions:

1 - cultivation, possession, sale or offering for sale, transfer or distribution in any form, plants or plant products or plant pests or soil or beneficial organisms, or anything that has been imported in contravention of the provisions of this law.

2 - non-disclosure of plants and plant products imported and beneficial organisms and regulated articles imported for inspection at the point of entry.

3 - Do not allow the inspection provided for under the provisions of this law.

4 - modified, or falsify or alter any of the documents issued under the provisions of this law.

5 - giving misleading information to obtain documents under the provisions of this law.

6 - or infringement or threat of resistance or objection to the Inspector or the exercise of legal functions under the provisions of this law.

28 - Article 28

(28-28)

Article 28

Without prejudice to any severer penalty provided for by law, any person who violates the provisions of items (4.5, 6) of the preceding Article imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and a fine not exceeding fifty thousand riyals, or either of them.

As anyone who violates the provisions of items (1.2, 3) of the preceding Article, a fine not exceeding twenty thousand riyals.

In case of recidivism, the penalty is doubled, and the accused, if he committed a similar offense within five years from the date of the verdict Baht.

29 - Article 29

(29-29)

Article 29

Have inspectors who shall be designated by resolution of the Attorney General's agreement with the Minister, shall be law enforcement officers, in control and proving crimes committed in violation of the provisions of this law.

30 - Article 30

(30-30)

Article 30

The Minister shall issue the executive regulations and decisions necessary to implement the provisions of this law.

Ministerial Decree No. 34 of 2006

On regulating the import of ornamental palm trees and dates

Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture

After perusal of the Law No. 5 of 1970 specifying the powers of Ministers and set the terms of reference of ministries, as amended Law No. 23 of 2005 regulating the Ministry of Municipality and Agriculture and the appointment of their competence and Law No. 24 of 2005 on the quarantine and Amiri Order No. 1 of 2004 amending the formation of the Council of Ministers and the Ministerial Decree No. 106 of 2002 on regulating the import of cuttings and date palm trees and decorations and B to the requirements of public interest Decided as follows:-

Article No. 1

Should be available in the cuttings and date palm trees and ornamental following requirements:

1. Stumps to be a good tourniquet
2. That are not accompanied by clay or soil unless supplemented by soil treatment and accompanied by a certificate of treatment.
3. To be safe and taken from sources free from insect injury and disease

Article 2

Following guidelines should be adhered to when you import the trees referred to:

1. To obtain prior approval (license) to import from the Department of Agricultural Development and such approval is valid for a period of two months from the date of issuance and approval revoked if it is not import during this period.
2. To provide insurance (bank letter of guarantee payment or delivery of cash) value of 50 riyals for each palm and 5 riyals for each shoot.

And deducted from the insurance of all amounts incurred by the Ministry in case of lack of commitment by the importer or the conditions of import that resulting from the examination and treatment.

And providing insurance referred to shipments contained for personal use only, provided the traveler, accompanied by 10 seedlings.

3. That the consignment be accompanied by a certificate issued by Plant Health and accredited by the official authorities in the exporting country

Article No. 3

Importer shall bear all expenses of transfer, download and missionary at a screening or detection or treatment or punishment.

Article No. 4

Inspectors shall quarantine management of agricultural development and inspection of imported consignments entering or reject the report.

Article No. 5

Any provision contrary to the provisions of this resolution

Article No. 6

All competent authorities, each their own thing, and the implementation of this resolution shall be effective from the date of issuance.

/ Dr. Sultan Bin Hassan Al Dousari
Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture

**Decision of the Minister of Municipal Affairs and
Agriculture No. 61 of 2007**

Issuing the executive regulations of Law No. 24 of 2005
On quarantine

After reviewing the law No. 23 of 2005 regulating the Ministry
of Municipality and Agriculture, as amended by Law No. 10 of
2006 and Law No. 24 of 2005 on the quarantine

The Emiri Decision No. 29 of 1996 on the resolutions of the
Council of Ministers, which raises the emir for approval and
issuance

And the adoption of the Council of Ministers of the draft of this
resolution at its regular meeting at 31 in 2006 and held on
10/04/2006

Decided as follows: -

Article No. 1

The provisions of the Regulations of Law No. 24 of 2005 shall
be annexed to this resolution .

Article No. 2

All competent authorities, the implementation of this resolution
is the date of Issue.

Abdul Rahman Bin Khalifa Al-Thani

Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture

Qatar
Quarantine Act (24/2005)

1 - Article 1
Definitions (1-1)
Article 1

In the application of the provisions of this Law, the following words and expressions have the meanings assigned to them unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1 - The Ministry: The Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture.**
- 2 - The Minister: The Minister of Municipal Affairs and Agriculture.**
- 3 - Competent Department: The Department of Agricultural Development Ministry.**
- 4 - Entry point: air or sea ports or land border points, Ltd. as an entry point for trucks and passenger**
- 5 - Inspector: The employee is authorized to act as legal officers in accordance with the provisions of this law No. 24 for 2005 .**
- 6 - Charge (L): the amount of plants or plant products, and any other materials are subject to phytosanitary regulations, passed from one country to another and covered by a phytosanitary certificate and one.**
- 7 - Plants: Live plants or parts thereof, including seeds and genetic material.**
- 8 - Plant products: non-manufactured material of plant origin and processed materials, can form, because of their nature or method of processing, risk of introduction and spread of pests in the State.**
- 9 - a substance subject to phytosanitary regulations: any object or material that could harbor pests.**
- 10 - scourge: any species, strain or biotype of plant species, animal or pathogenic agent, injurious to plants or plant products.**
- 11 - a quarantine pest: pest of the risks of economic potential of the area at risk but does not yet exist in this region, or where there is but it is not spread widely, and are subject to control, and is referred to in the list (1) attached to this law.**

12 - the scourge of non-quarantine regulations: the scourge have a presence in plants for planting an impact on the intended use of plants with an economic impact is acceptable, and as a result was subject to the regulations, referred to in the list (2) annexed to this law .

13 - the scourge of regulated: a quarantine pest and any regulated not subject to quarantine.

14 - beneficial organisms: any object, including fungi, bacteria, viruses and viroids organisms and invertebrates, which shall be determined by decision of the Minister objects beneficial to plant life or for agricultural production in the country.

15 - storage areas: the place or keep the remaining plants or plant products or beneficial organisms or substances of phytosanitary regulations.

16 - container: box or bag or other, which can be plants or plant products and which can carry plant pests during or after the transfer.

17 - means of transport: any vessel, aircraft or train or vehicle or a vehicle or container carried by hand or animal or anything that moves plants or plant products or substances regulated or plant pests or beneficial organisms or soil from one place to another.

18 - Importer: any natural person or legal entity, whether owner or charger or charged, or any, agent or broker or any other person who owns or has the right to own any of the plants or plant products or substances regulated or plant pests or beneficial organisms or soil materials or packaging or on the way up to the arrival of another country.

19 - Soil: The material extracted in whole or in part from the top layer of the earth's crust, which can feed the plant.

20 - phytosanitary certificate: Certificate modeled after the model certificates of the International Convention for the protection of the plant.

21 - address: Perform an officially licensed to kill pests or removed or sterilized.

22 - Eradication: the application of phytosanitary measures to get rid of the scourge in the region.

23 - Agricultural land: farms and gardens, forests and pastures grown in any place by the plants.

24 -transit shipment: A shipment reaches the state and destination to another state without broken down into smaller units, or change its container.

25 - the quarantine area: a region with the scourge of under quarantine being within combat this scourge officially.

26 - phytosanitary measures: any legislation or regulations or formal procedures designed to prevent the introduction or spread of pests.

27 - containment: the application of phytosanitary measures in and around the affected area to prevent the spread of a pest.

2 - Article 2

(2-2)

Article 2

Quarantine station established within each department of the customs offices that may be entry or exit of cargo from them. The Minister may establish all or some of the agricultural quarantine centers for the following units: -

1. Offices for technical or administrative work.
2. Hall for inspection.
3. Private laboratory for the detection of lesions.
4. Hall to clear the shipments or processed.
5. General stores.
6. Any other units requiring the nature of work and existence.

Article No. 3

Quarantine procedures apply to shipments entering or exiting the country through customs or e-mail

Article No. 4

The Minister shall issue a decision as a region of stone in the case of suspicion of the existence of a quarantine pest in agricultural lands, the Department is competent to take all or some of the following actions: -

1. Notify the owner or lessee that the region of quarantine
2. Login to the quarantine inspection of plants.
3. Prevent entry of persons to or from the quarantine area.
4. Prevent the transfer of plants or parts thereof to the geographical area quarantine.
5. Take all measures to eradicate the scourge of stone.
6. To report to the Minister a proposal for raising the quarantine area at the demise of the pest risk of stone.

7. Implementation adopted by the Ministry of immediate action in cases where problems arise.
8. Notify the Secretariat of the Cooperation Council for the Arab Gulf States in all measures have been taken to contain the scourge.

Article No. 5

The Inspector in order to direct the functions and powers provided for in Articles 6 and 7 of Law No. 24 of 2005 as follows: -

1. Take your samples from the appropriate charge and sent to a laboratory to be analyzed.
2. Issuance of a certificate after the release of the shipment to make sure they are free from disease and harmful substances.
3. Notify the importer in writing the re-export the shipment infected by the scourge can not be processed or not known to the exporting country within 7 days from the date of notification.
4. Action in the execution of imported materials if necessary and without notice to the importer after the approval of the Minister.

Article No. 6

If the period referred to in item No. 3 the re-export the shipment of infected are culled at the expense of the importer and the Commission wrote a report stating the type, size and weight of the shipment.

Article No. 7

Anyone wishing to import a shipment from outside the States of the Cooperation Council for Gulf Arab states to apply to the competent department for a permit and must be included in the request as follows: -

1. Importer's name and address.
2. The type and nature of the shipment.
3. The purpose of the import.
4. Name of the State which will be imported shipment of them.
5. Entry point for the shipment ..
6. Any information required by the competent administration for the shipment.

Article No. 8

Authorized the introduction of the shipment of agricultural if it is proved they are free from quarantine pests and diseases were accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the competent authorities of the exporting country that are available in this certificate the following conditions: -

1. That correspond to the official form from the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.
2. Be written in Arabic or English.
3. That fully meet your CV clearly.
4. To be signed including the editing.
5. But are extracted at an earlier date from the date of shipment out of the country of origin no later than two weeks.
6. To be out of the picture.
7. CV to be matched to the data of the shipment.
8. To include additional items requested by the competent administration

Article No. 9

You must be sealed cargo containers and labeled in clear handwriting in Arabic and English, the following data: -

1. Importer's name and address.
2. The type and quantity of the shipment.
3. The purpose of the import.
4. Any other information requested by the administration.

Article No. 10

Banning the import of shipments the following: -

1. Shipments affected by the scourge of the lesions contained in lists 1 and 2 of the pest lists annexed to Law No. 24 of 2005
2. Infected by the scourge of dangerous cargo that can not be processed and Ir included in lists 1 and 2 referred to.
3. Shipments that show disease is unknown.
4. Shipments containing sand or natural soil fertilizer or untreated.

And the Administration is competent to prevent the entry of any shipment if they pose a threat to plant resources.

Article No. 11

Allows the entry of plants and plant products associated with the path through the entry point adopted without a health certificate in accordance with the following conditions: -

1. Be subject to inspection.
2. To be free from soil and natural pest infestation stone or stone
3. To be for personal purposes, nor weigh more than 100 kg.

Article No. 12

Shall be exempt from the requirement to Sol on the import license shipments meant for cultivation or breeding in the following cases: -

1. If she was featured for the diplomatic missions or consular
2. If she was featured for the purpose of scientific research
3. If the incoming governments and public bodies.
4. If the incoming samples by e-business.

Article No. 13

Subject to the provisions of articles 10, 11 and 12 of Law No. 24 of 2005 referred to take the following actions to examine imported consignments: -

1. Import license is delivered, and documents including the certificate to the Inspector.
2. Must accompany the shipment is received for the purpose of Agriculture list the name of the variety and quantity.
3. View the shipment contained a quarantine center for examination within 72 hours of the end of the discharge.
4. does not permissible to open the shipment only in the presence of the importer or his representative
5. May the competent administration in coordination with other parties to examine some of shipments to seedlings planted in places.

Article No. 14

Subject to the provisions of Articles 15 and 16 of Law No. 24 of 2005 referred to the cargo owner must notify the Department in writing by the competent enough time for the arrival of the inspector to inspect any shipment of transient interference state lands.

Article No. 15

Allowed to import plants or plant products for the purposes of scientific research, according to the following conditions: -

1. Coordination between the administration and the competent Almsnord.
2. Imported materials that are subject to control programs and is cleared in control with the need to maintain the imported article.

Article No. 16

Subject to the provisions of Articles 17, 18 and 19 of Law No. 24 of 2005 referred to may not export any shipment only after obtaining prior permission from the relevant department and the license shall be valid from the date of its publication until the last day of December of the same year and taking into account the following:

1. May not be exported unless the shipments are inspected and make sure they are free from pests.
2. Exempt consignment does not exceed a weight of 20 kilos of submission to the Inspector.
3. You must export the shipment within a week from the date of issuance of the phytosanitary certificate
- 4 Inspector may at the request of the person concerned may extend this period by type of shipment and storage conditions.
5. Not permissible to open the cargo meant for export after inspection without the approval of the Inspector himself
6. May not change to whom the shipment only after obtaining prior permission from the administration.

Article No. 17

Competent management revoke the license of import or export in the case of breach of the provisions of the importer or exporter of Law No. 24 of 2005.

Article No. 18

Borne by the importer or the source of all the costs of inspection, including costs of unloading, loading and transport .

Article No. 19

Get the costs of inspection and treatment on imported shipments are subject to the provisions of Law No. 24 of 2005 as follows: -

First: The costs of inspection

1. QR 25 for inspection of cargo imported or exported or in transit.
2. QR 100 for inspection of cargo in transit or non-perishables in the official working hours.

II: treatment costs

1. QR 50 per ton to handle
2. QR 100 to cleanse and means of transport.

Shipments are exempt from government inspection and treatment costs