

The EURL ECVAM Search Guide

The promotion of global standards for searching information on alternative approaches in biomedical sciences

European Commission - Joint Research Centre Directorate F Health, Consumers and Reference Materials EURL ECVAM-EU Reference Laboratory for Alternatives to Animal Testing Via E. Fermi 2749, TP126/1307 I-21027 Ispra, Italy - TeI: +39 0332 785570 dbalm-contact@jrc.ec.europa.eu



The EURL ECVAM Search Guide was developed to provide a proven, systematic and structured data retrieval approach together with supporting information to find all of the relevant information needed for preparing and conducting projects for research and regulatory testing in the field of biomedical sciences and toxicology thereby reducing the reliance on animal use.

In particular, to satisfy a legal and ethical imperative that animals should only be used in a study if all alternatives have been considered and judged to be inadequate for clear reasons. An obligatory ethical review process ensuring the application of the Three Rs principles Europe-wide was introduced by Directive 63/2010/EU.

Free copies are available from the EU Bookshop: http://bookshop.europa.eu

Content

- "Seven golden steps" prepared as a sound strategy and handy check list to undertake searches in a structured way and to document the search procedure
- Suggested search terms relevant to the Three Rs with their definitions, occurrences in selected databases and classification
- Examples of search procedures for research purposes and regulatory testing showing how to quickly find the most relevant information



- Relevant information resources as handy summary tables or detailed descriptions covering high-quality, selected added-value and literature databases, database host, organisations and their services, open access resources and web search engines
- Thesauri containing specific Three Rs terms, used for indexing database contents

Note: The Three Rs refer to the replacement, reduction and refinement of laboratory animal procedures in accordance with the principles developed by Russell, W.M. & Burch, R.L. in 1959